ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



SAUK COUNTY, WISCONSIN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For

SAUK COUNTY WISCONSIN

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Sauk County Accounting Department

Ms. Kerry P. Beghin, CPA, Finance Director Ms. Lynn Horkan, Accounting Manager

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

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SAUK COUNTY, WISCONSIN ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Accounting Department

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Finance Director FAX: 608-355-3522
505 Broadway, Baraboo, WI 53913 E-Mail: kerry.beghin@saukcountywi.gov

July 29, 2022

To the Citizens and Board of Supervisors of Sauk County:

The Accounting Department is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) for Sauk County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

This Annual Report is prepared by the Sauk County Accounting Department and audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Baker Tilly US, LLP. Wisconsin Statutes and the Wisconsin Administrative Code require counties to prepare a complete set of audited financial statements for each fiscal year. This Annual Report is provided to fulfill that requirement for 2021. The financial statements included in the Annual Report conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT REPRESENTATIONS

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County.

We believe the financial information, as presented:

- is accurate in all material aspects;
- is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and
- includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

In developing the County's accounting system, much consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the costs of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from their implementation.

We believe that the County's internal accounting controls, along with the audit performed by independent auditors, provide the County with reasonable assurance that financial transactions are properly recorded and assets adequately safeguarded.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The County has retained the services of Baker Tilly US, LLP to perform an independent audit of the County's financial records. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Sauk County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the County; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Sauk County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. As part of their examination, the independent auditor is also issuing an internal control letter covering the review of the County's system of internal control over financial reporting and tests of compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The management and compliance letter will not modify or affect, in any way, this report.

The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, Uniform Administrative Requirements and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Guidelines issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration. Information related to this single audit—including the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on internal control over financial reporting, and tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants—will be included in Sauk County's separately issued Single Audit Report.

PROFILE OF GOVERNMENT

Sauk County is located in South Central Wisconsin, approximately 40 miles northwest of Madison and 100 miles northwest of Milwaukee. In addition, Sauk County is less than 250 miles from the Chicago and Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan areas. The County encompasses 840 square miles including 22 townships, 13 villages, and two cities. Additionally, the Village of Cazenovia and the City of Wisconsin Dells are partially within the boundaries of the County. Interstate Highway 90/94 runs diagonally through the County and provides easy access to and from many major Midwestern cities.

In the spring of 1838, three men staked out claims at the present site of Sauk City. By 1840, settlements had been established at what are now Prairie du Sac and Baraboo. Sauk County was formed in 1840 and was surveyed between 1840 and 1845. In the years 1840 through 1860, Sauk County was in a pioneering phase. The population increased from a few hundred residents to almost 19,000 during that 20-year time frame. Principal activities included wheat farming and the raising of hops. The 1860's and 1870's saw another economic boom stimulated by the expansion of railroads through the County. Villages and cities were chartered and the number of farms in the County peaked at 3,886. By the turn of the century, the County population had exceeded 33,000 and the production of dairy products and row crops became more predominant in agriculture. Population growth slowed during the early part of the twentieth century. Industrial development and tourism stimulated growth again in the decade immediately following World War II and most recently during the last 25 years.

With an estimated population of 64,272 in 2021, Sauk County is 25th largest of the 72 counties in Wisconsin. The City of Baraboo (the County seat) is the largest in population with 19% of the County's population, but the combined tourism area of the Village of Lake Delton and City of Wisconsin Dells (the Sauk County portion) has 21.0% of the equalized value. Sauk County is served by ten school districts, which provide education to students in the kindergarten through the twelfth grades. Post-secondary education is provided by a two-year University of Wisconsin Platteville – Baraboo/Sauk County campus, Reedsburg Campus of the Madison Colleges, as well as the University of Wisconsin-Madison and main Madison College campus, which are both less than an hour's drive from Sauk County.

The County provides a range of governmental services authorized by state statute, under the direction of an Administrator and a thirty-one member Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is an employee appointed by the thirty-one member Board of Supervisors, who are elected to two-year terms. The Chair of the County Board of Supervisors is elected by the other members of the Board and presides over the County Board sessions and names committee membership. There are nine elected department heads whose offices are established by the Wisconsin Constitution. These offices are the Clerk of Courts, Coroner, County Clerk, District Attorney, Register of Deeds, Sheriff, Surveyor and Treasurer. In addition, the County has seventeen non-elected department heads that administer the County, State and Federal regulations specific to their departments. A list of principal officers and organization chart begins on page vii.

The services provided by the County are categorized into the following five functions.

- General government function includes the administrative coordinator, accounting, buildings, criminal
 justice coordinating, corporation counsel, clerk, management information systems, personnel, register of
 deeds, surveyor, and treasurer;
- **Justice & public safety function**, including a 3-branch court system; the district attorney, the sheriff, jail and work release facility and public safety communications;
- Health & human services function, including care for children, mental health services, developmentally disabled, the aged and disabled;
- Conservation, economic development, recreation, culture & education function, including conservation, planning, zoning, parks, and University of Wisconsin extension; and,
- Public works function, including a highway system and transportation system assistance.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Long-Term Financial Planning

Development of Strategic Issues during the Mid-Term Assessment – During 2019, the Sauk County Board of Supervisors' members were half-way through their two-year term of office. At this time, the County Board compiled, discussed and prioritized the top strategic issues facing the County for the following two years. Five or six issues were developed for each of the above functions, and the most important themes included placemaking and broadband to support economic development, a replacement Highway building, affordable/available housing, sustainable livable community through environmental stewardship, and a commitment to the County's nursing home. In 2021 these issues were addressed through expansion of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council and Nurse Family Partnership programs to serve individuals and families at risk. The use of green energy practices was also expanded with installation of solar panels at the Law Enforcement Center and Health Care Center, as well as updates to lighting and air handling in the administration buildings. Development continued of "placemaking" as a regional initiative to align county-wide assets to showcase the County as a premier place to live, work and play, including the unveiling of a new website Exploresaukcounty.com to promote the County as a regional destination.

University of Wisconsin Platteville–Baraboo/Sauk County Campus – Sauk County and the City of Baraboo equally share ownership of UWP-B/SC, and both entities are committed to supporting this local arm of the Wisconsin university system. The county continues to work with the university and the evolving master plan for the campus.

Capital Improvement Plan – The County's ten-year Capital Improvement Plan shows a commitment to maintaining the County's infrastructure. County road projects and communications systems all have funds planned for annual maintenance without the need for bonded indebtedness. In 2021, multiple building repairs and maintenance were completed including West Square building roof replacement for \$181,700. Reconstruction of Courthouse entrances for accessibility and security were started in 2021, budgeted at \$3,000,000. Initial design work and planning for a replacement Highway facility was started in 2021 with expenditures of \$2.1 million. Total project cost is estimated to be \$50.5 million. General obligation bonds of \$45 million were issued in April 2022, with the remainder of costs funded by general fund balance and earnings on unspent bond proceeds.

Impact of Financial Policies & Practices

Budget: Sauk County prepares an annual, balanced budget as required by State of Wisconsin Statutes. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level. Changes to the adopted budget are considered on a case-by-case basis and require the approval of two-thirds of the entire County Board. The Board of Supervisors has designated certain accounts as non-lapsing, and those unexpended appropriations have been carried forward for use in 2022.

Cash Management and Revenues: Cash reserves are invested in statutorily-defined safe investments emphasizing, in order of importance, preservation of principal, liquidity and rate of return. Revenues are budgeted as realistically as possible, with a focus on cautious estimates of revenues when uncertain.

Fund Balance/Retained Earnings: Sauk County's fund balance policy defines appropriate uses of fund balance and retained earnings. Fund balance may never be used to offset operational costs. Appropriate uses include nonrecurring capital expenditures (such as the Courthouse remodeling, Great Sauk State Trail development and equipment) and start-up costs for innovative programs (Criminal Justice Coordinating Counsel and placemaking development).

Debt Administration: All debt outstanding is a general obligation of the County for which an irrepealable, irrevocable tax has been levied at the time of the borrowing to be included in future tax levies, sufficient to repay the principal and interest payments as they become due. Under Wisconsin State Statutes, Chapter 67, Sauk County's aggregate indebtedness may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property located in the County. Sauk County has used only 1.4% of its legal debt capacity (11.6% after April, 2022 issuance of \$45 million of debt for the Highway facility).

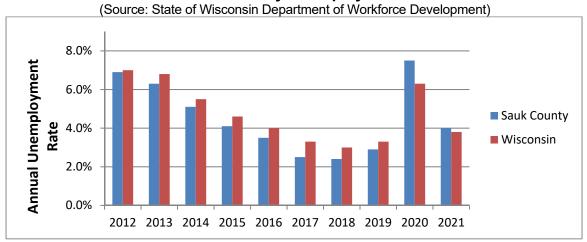
ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Sauk County is the primary home of the Wisconsin and Midwest tourism magnet of the Wisconsin Dells and Lake Delton area. The County's tourist attractions are year-round destinations, with a variety of resorts, restaurants, and entertainment options. As such, the local economy has historically shown limited vulnerability to economic fluctuations as vacationers from throughout the Midwest choose to stay closer to home. In 2019, Sauk County experienced the largest sales tax collections ever at nearly \$9.5 million. However, the COVID-19 pandemic had a large impact on tourism and sales, with collections of sales tax falling to \$8.9 million, or a decrease of 6%. However, collections for 2021 have been the highest ever at \$11.6 million.

Although Sauk County's largest employers are tourism-based, there is also a strong industrial, agricultural and other community job base. Other stable industries include glass manufacturing and foundry. Large retailers provide mail-order, as well as on-site, services. Agricultural land comprises 59% and forest and undeveloped land comprises another 30% of the County's acreage. There are three hospitals and their related health care facilities. Sauk County is adjacent to Dane County, with the state capitol and University of Wisconsin in the City of Madison. These nearby opportunities complement the in-county options of the UW Platteville-Baraboo/Sauk County campus in Baraboo and Madison College campus in Reedsburg. This easy access to world-class higher education and highly skilled jobs is attractive, while offering an appealing rural and small town atmosphere.

The 2021 annual average unemployment rate in Sauk County, at 4.0%, is above the state average in 2021. Other than 2020 having higher unemployment at 7.5% due to COVID, the otherwise low unemployment rates can be attributed to the type of businesses located in the County, including multiple employment opportunities in the Wisconsin Dells/Lake Delton area and close proximity to Madison, Wisconsin.

Sauk County Unemployment



Various national entities have recognized Sauk County and its cities as some of the best places to live in the United States. Smithsonian Magazine named Baraboo the 4th best small town in the nation to visit in 2013. POLICOM Corporation, a firm that develops economic strength rankings, has named the Baraboo micropolitan statistical area 107th strongest of the 543 such areas in the nation. Sauk County is also home to Wisconsin's most visited state park, Devil's Lake.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Sauk County for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This was the 9th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the County has also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for each of the past nineteen fiscal years beginning with 2003. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the County's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, organization and communication.

Finally, Sauk County received its first Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) Award from GFOA for its 2018 report. This award has been repeated for the two years since then. A PAFR is specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services throughout the year of the entire staff of the Accounting Department, especially Accounting Manager Lynn Horkan, other County Departments and the capable assistance of our independent auditors. I would like to express my appreciation to everyone that assisted and contributed in its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Keny P. Beghin

Kerry P. Beghin Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Sauk County Wisconsin

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

SAUK COUNTY LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Office Name

Clerk of Courts
Coroner
County Clerk
District Attorney

Carrie Wastlick
Gregory Hahn
Rebecca Evert
Michael X. Albrecht

Register of Deeds Brent Bailey
Surveyor Patrick Dederich

Sheriff Richard "Chip" Meister Treasurer Elizabeth Geoghegan

COUNTY BOARD SUPERVISORS

(31 Members)

Tim McCumber, Chairperson Brandon Lohr, Vice Chairperson

Michelle Bushweiler Brandon Lohr
Tommy Lee Bychinski Valerie McAuliffe

Joel Chrisler Timothy McCumber Ross Curry Rob Nelson

Wally Czuprynko Brian L. Peper John Deitrich Dennis Polivka

Mark "Smooth" Detter Patricia Rego Lynn Eberl Timothy Reppen

Richard "Mike" Flint
Shane Gibson
Carl Gruber
Thomas Dorner
Bryant Hazard
David A. Riek
Delmar Scanlon
Kevin Schell
Terry Spencer
William Stehling

Peter Kinsman Donald Stevens
Rebecca Klitzke Kristin White Eagle

Martin F. Krueger

NON-ELECTED OFFICIALS

Department

Accounting Administrator

Aging & Disability Resource Center

Building Services Child Support

Conservation, Planning & Zoning

Corporation Counsel
Court Commissioner
Emergency Management
Health Care Center

Highway

Human Services

Management Information Systems

Personnel Public Health

Register in Probate

University of Wisconsin – Extension

Veterans Service

Name

Kerry Beghin Brent Miller Susan Blodgett Ian Crammond Adrienne Olson Lisa Wilson Brian Desmond

Deb O'Rourke Jeff Jelinek

Lori Klicko (interim) Patrick Gavinski Jessica Mijal Steve Pate

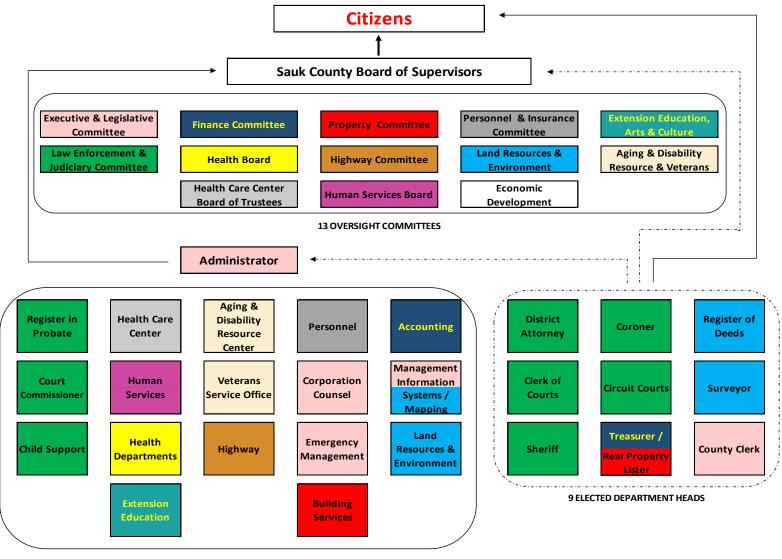
Kasey Hazard

Treemanisha Stewart

Jim Daniels Jeff Hoffman Tony Tyczynski

Sauk County Organizational Structure

Note: Colors designate oversight responsibility. Some departments have dual reporting.



18 NON-ELECTED DEPARTMENT HEADS

SAUK COUNTY, WISCONSIN ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditors' Report

To the County Board of Supervisors of Sauk County

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sauk County, Wisconsin (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises of the Introductory Section and Statistical Section listed in the accompanying table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 29, 2022 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Madison, Wisconsin July 29, 2022

Baker Tilly US, LLP

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

As management of The County, we offer readers of Sauk County's (the "County") financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This section should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the accompanying notes that follow. It should also be noted that the information contained herein will provide information on both the governmental operations and the business-type activities of the County.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The County's primary government total net position increased by \$8.7 million, or 5.0%, from the prior year. The County's net investment in capital assets increased by \$3.7 million, consisting of routine infrastructure upgrades and debt payment of \$2.8 million. A decrease in unrestricted net position of \$.8 million resulted from \$7.2 million of net position become restricted for pension purposes and \$5 million in favorable budget variances. Sales tax revenues were greater than anticipated increasing net position \$2.7 million. Total assets increased by a net \$14.2 million, comprised of an increased pension asset of \$7.2 million, an increase in cash and investments of \$7.7 million (12.8%), and a decrease in taxes receivable of \$1.4 million. Deferred outflows increased \$7.2 million, almost completely related to pension and other post-employment benefit amounts. Liabilities increased \$4.3 million largely due to decreases of \$2.2 million in post-employment benefit liability and payment of long-term debt of \$2.8 million, but an increase of \$6.2 million in unearned revenue largely due to the first payment of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding that was unspent at year-end. Deferred inflows increased by \$8.5 million, essentially all related to pension amounts.
- > The County's primary government operating expenses in 2021 were \$83.6 million, a decrease of \$1.7 million from 2020. Increased expenses (\$1.3 million) substantially relate health and social services area and increased other post-employment benefit liability \$2.2 million. Highway expenses increased \$660,000. Offsetting these increased expenses were decreases in costs from Conservation and development \$692,000 and Public Safety \$1.3 million. The Health Care Center had reduced admissions and decreased staff levels, decreasing expenses \$1.1 million.
- > Program revenues increased by 1.3 %, or \$591,000. Health and social services operating grants increased from community living and support programs by \$1.8 million. Offsetting these increased revenues were a decreased general governmental revenues of \$1.3 million largely due to 2020 increased federal funds received of \$1.0 million for the Routes to Recovery COVID-19 response.
- > The County's primary government total debt decreased by \$2.8 million during the current fiscal year due to scheduled debt service payments and premium amortization. The final debt payment for the Law Enforcement Center was made in 2021.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's financial statements consist of four parts:

- 1. Management Discussion and Analysis This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements.
- 2. Basic Financial Statements The basic financial statements have three components:
 - > Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status.
 - > Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of County government and report on the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - > Notes to financial statements explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.
- 3. Required Supplementary Information The required supplementary information further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.
- 4. Supplementary Information The supplementary information contains combining statements that provide details about the non-major governmental and internal service funds. The non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements, as are the internal service funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving the rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities.) The governmental activities of the County include public safety; public works; health and social services; culture, education and recreation; conservation and development; and general government. The business-type activities of the County include the highway operation and nursing home.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as ongoing balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains 11 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Human Services and Debt Service Funds, are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 8 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual budget for all its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds: Services for which the County charges customers a fee to provide are reported in proprietary funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Highway and Health Care Center. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its self-insured deductible payments via the County Insurance Fund and self-insured workers compensation via the Workers Compensation Fund. The services provided by these funds benefit the business-type and governmental functions.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Highway and Health Care Center, both of which are considered major funds of the County. The County Insurance and Workers Compensation Funds are reported as internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held in trust for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE – THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE PRESENTATION

An analysis of the County's financial position begins with a review of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. These two statements report the County's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth and new regulations.

Sauk County Condensed Statements of Net Position

	(in millions)						
	Governmental			Business					
	Activitie	es		Activiti	Total				
	2020	2021		2020	2021		2020	2	2021
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of	\$ 96.9 \$	111.5	\$	18.7 \$	17.4	\$	115.6	\$	128.9
depreciation	99.3	98.0		20.6	22.7		119.8		120.7
Total Assets	196.2	209.5		39.3	40.2		235.4		249.6
Deferred outflows of resources	 14.4	20.3		4.3	5.7		18.7		26.0
Current and other liabilities	6.2	13.0		0.9	0.7		7.1		13.7
Non-current liabilities	9.4	8.0		9.0	8.1		18.3		16.0
Total Liabilities	 15.6	21.0		9.8	8.8		25.5		29.7
Deferred inflows of resources	 44.3	51.0		10.6	12.4		55.0		63.4
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets	97.4	98.0		13.6	16.6		111.0		114.7
Restricted	16.5	20.9		1.5	2.9		18.0		23.8
Unrestricted	 36.8	38.8		8.0	5.2		44.8		44.0
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 150.6 \$	157.7	\$	23.1 \$	24.7	\$	173.7	\$	182.4

Governmental assets increased \$13.3 million. The change in assets contained a \$5.9 million increase in pension assets (from a \$5.8 million pension asset), a \$7.7 million increase in cash and investments, a \$2.4 million increase in internal balances and a \$1.5 million decrease in taxes receivable. Deferred outflows increased \$5.9 million due to pension amounts. Total governmental liabilities increased \$5.4 million, largely due to \$6.2 million in unearned revenue resulting from the first payment of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding and a decrease of \$1.5 million in other post-employment benefits. Deferred inflows increased \$6.7 million with a \$7.9 million increase in pension amounts and a \$1.2 decrease due to property taxes for the subsequent year. Finally, total governmental net position increased \$7.1 million, or 4.72 %. Net investment in capital assets increased \$620,000 primarily from infrastructure additions and payment of debt service of \$1.9 million. Restricted funds increased \$4.5 million largely due to the increase in the pension asset. Unrestricted funds decreased \$1.1 million with increases from budget variances being offset by pension activity.

Business-type assets increased by \$900,000, largely due to the pension asset and construction in progress increase off set by budget variances. Deferred outflows increased \$1.4 million due to pension related amounts. Business-type liabilities decreased \$1.1 million, and deferred inflows increased \$1.8 million, all related to pension amounts. Total business-type net position increased 7.0%, or by \$1.6 million. \$1.4 million became restricted for pension asset and invested in capital assets increased by \$3.1 million including debt payment of \$966,000 and decrease in internal balance of \$2.4 million.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE PRESENTATION (cont.)

Sauk County's Changes in Net Position

(in millions)

		nmental vities		ess-type vities	Total			
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021		
REVENUES								
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 4.9		\$ 9.5	•	\$ 14.3	•		
Operating grants and contributions	25.5	27.1	4.5	3.1	30.0	30.2		
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-		
General Revenues								
Property taxes	26.4		5.3	5.8	31.7	32.2		
Sales taxes	8.9		-	-	8.9	11.6		
Other taxes	1.0	1.1	-	-	1.0	1.1		
Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs	1.4	1.3	-	-	1.4	1.3		
Other	1.7	1.2			1.7	1.2		
Total Revenues	69.7	73.7	19.3	18.6	89.0	92.3		
EXPENSES								
General government	10.1	9.8	-	-	10.1	9.8		
Public safety	19.0	17.7	-	-	19.0	17.7		
Public works	2.6	2.4	-	-	2.6	2.4		
Health and social services	31.8	33.1	-	-	31.8	33.1		
Culture, education and recreation	1.8	1.8	-	-	1.8	1.8		
Conservation and development	3.3	2.6	-	-	3.3	2.6		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Highway	-	-	8.0	8.6	8.0	8.6		
Health Care Center	-	-	8.7	7.6	8.7	7.6		
Total Expenses	68.6	67.4	16.7	16.2	85.3	83.6		
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	1.1	6.3	2.6	2.4	3.7	8.7		
Transfers	1.8		(1.8)		-	_		
Change in Net Position	2.9		0.8	1.6	3.7	8.7		
NET POSITION – Beginning	147.8	150.6	22.1	23.1	170.0	173.7		
NET POSITION – Ending	\$ 150.6	\$ 157.7	\$ 23.1	\$ 24.7	\$ 173.7	\$ 182.4		

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE PRESENTATION (cont.)

Governmental Activities

The County's governmental activities program revenues increased by \$1.8 million overall, or 6.0%, to \$32.1 million. Health and social services community living and support operating grants increased by \$1.8 million and conservation and development activities increased \$1.1 million. Conversely, general government decreased \$1.3 million due in most part to reduced COVID funding and investment interest compared to previous year.

Governmental activities expenses decreased \$1.2 million, or 1.8%, to \$67.4 million, due largely to decreased COVID-19 response efforts in all areas except health and social services.

The following graphs show the allocation of the County's governmental activities revenues and expenses.

2021 Sauk County Governmental Revenues

Intergovern-

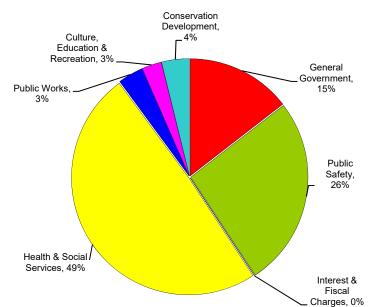
mental Other Revenues evenues 2% 1% Sales Taxes Charges for 16% Services 7% Real Estate Related Taxes Operating 2% Grants 36%

Property Taxes

36%

Capital Grants

2021 Sauk County Governmental Expenses



UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE PRESENTATION (cont.)

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities program revenues decreased by \$1.2 million or 8.7% overall. Highway revenues decreased \$621,000, and the Health Care Center showed a decrease of \$597,000 resulting from continued limited admissions due to COVID-19.

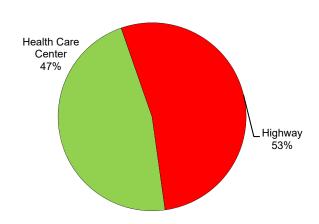
Business-type activities expenses in total decreased \$443,000, or 2.7%. Highway expenses increased \$660,000 million due to increased operating expenses, and Health Care Center expenses decreased \$1.1 million due to limited admissions and related staff reductions.

The following graphs show the allocation of the County's business-type activities revenues and expenses.

2021 Sauk County Business-Type Revenues

Property Taxes 30% Charges for Services 57% Capital Grants 0%

2021 Sauk County Business-Type Expenses



UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - THE FUND PRESENTATION

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$58.9 million, an increase of \$3.2 million in comparison to the prior year.

The fund balance section of the balance sheets of the governmental funds focuses on "the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent". The focus is not on whether these resources were available for appropriation. It also distinguishes the unreserved fund balance from the reserved fund balance. The components of fund balance include the following line items:

- a) Nonspendable fund balance (\$1.5 million) includes the portions of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form and they must remain intact.
- b) Restricted (\$8.7 million) and assigned (\$17.0 million) fund balances have imposed external or internal limitations.
- c) Unassigned fund balance (\$31.8 million) is the overall residual positive fund balance that has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories.

Approximately 56.1% of the fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance has constraints on the specific purposes for which the fund can be spent. The County is committed to not using fund balance to fund operational costs, but to fund nonrecurring projects or acquisitions, safeguard for emergencies, and foster innovation.

More detailed fund information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

General Fund: The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$31.8 million, while total fund balance reached \$50.3 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditure. Unassigned fund balance represents 53.9% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 123.4% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$4.1 million during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this growth are:

- > Transfer of excess funds from Human Services exceeded budget by \$1.1 million.
- > Lease/rent of fiber optics, communications and county buildings exceeded budget by \$245,000.
- > Interest earned on invested funds exceeded budget by \$135,000.
- > Interest and penalty on delinquent taxes exceeded budget by \$139,000
- > Sales tax collections exceeded budget by \$2.5 million.
- > Interest and penalty on delinquent tax collections exceeded budget by \$224,000.
- > Board of prisoners from other jurisdictions exceeded budget by \$229,000.
- > Real estate transfer tax collected exceeded budget by \$104,000.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - THE FUND PRESENTATION (cont.)

Human Services Fund: A major governmental fund of the County is the human services fund. This fund provides services in the area of child protection; juvenile offender assistance; economic support; outpatient mental health and substance abuse; serious mental illness community support; care management for the frail elderly, developmentally disabled and physically disabled; and adult protection. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance was \$2.0 million. The fund balance is 100% restricted. As a measure of the liquidity, fund balance represents 7.4% of total human services fund expenditures of \$27.0 million.

The fund balance of the County's human services fund decreased \$781,000 after transfer of \$1.1 million to the general fund of unneeded funds in accordance with the fund balance policy.

Debt Service Fund: Prior to 2021 the other major governmental fund of the County is the debt service fund. This fund was used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. In anticipation of increased future debt requirements. The County general long-term debt was paid in full in 2021. This fund has a zero balance. No general fund debt is anticipated in the near future.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's enterprise funds reported combined ending net position of \$24.3 million, an increase of \$1.6 million in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 19.7% of this total amount constitutes unrestricted net position, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of net position is net investment in capital assets.

Highway Fund: The highway fund reports the operations of the County to maintain the County's roadways and contract with the state and other local municipalities to maintain their roadways. At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted net position of the highway fund was \$2.9 million, while total net position reached \$15.0 million. Total net position is an increase from the prior year of \$90,000, due to program expenses exceeding program revenues.

Health Care Center Fund: The health care center fund contains the operations of the County's nursing home. In 2021, net position increased \$1.5 million to \$9.3 million, with the receipt of Medicaid Certified Public Expenditure funds, which the County has chosen to dedicate to capital purchases over upcoming years.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The County adopts a budget for all funds of the County at the department level of expenditure. Throughout the year, as additional information becomes available, such as the receipt of funds not originally budgeted or not receiving funds that were anticipated in the original budget, budget amendments can be made. All unspent appropriations lapse to unassigned fund balances at year-end unless specifically re-appropriated by County Board action.

SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATIONS

General Fund: Supplementary appropriations totaled \$3.9 million, much of which, \$3.2 million, was carryforward of funds previously appropriated in 2020 for projects that were not completed and related interdepartmental charges. \$120,000 was additional expenditure for the economic development project of "place branding". Much of the remainder was appropriation of additional grant funds received.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (cont.)

SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATIONS (cont.)

Special Revenue Funds: Supplementary appropriations totaled \$3.8 million, of which \$88,000 was carryforward of funds previously appropriated in 2020 for projects that were not completed or uses of segregated fund balance for specific programs. Much of the remainder was transfer of unneeded Human Services fund balance to the general fund (\$1.1 million) and appropriation of additional grant funds received.

Enterprise Funds: Supplementary appropriations totaled \$893,000 of which \$849,000 was carryforward of funds previously appropriated in 2020.

BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISON - GENERAL FUND

The County's general fund budget was constructed to use \$12.0 million of general fund balance. Total fund balance increased by \$4.1 million, resulting in a variance of \$16.0 million.

The primary reasons for the variance were:

- > Transfers from Human Services exceeded budget by \$1.1 million.
- > Payroll expenditures were less than budget by \$1.1 million.
- Lease/rent of fiber optics, communications towers, and county buildings exceeded budget by \$245,000.
- > Interest earned on invested funds exceeded budget by \$135,000.
- > Sales tax collections exceeded budget by \$2.5 million.
- > Interest and penalty on delinquent tax collections exceeded budget by \$139,000.
- > Board of prisoners from other jurisdictions exceeded budget by \$229,000.
- > Real estate transfer tax collected exceeded budget by \$104,000.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT

CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of December 31, 2021 amounted to \$98.0 million (net of depreciation), a net decrease of \$1.2 million. Investments in capital assets include buildings, machinery and equipment. Routine reconstructed roadways, infrastructure and equipment replacement were less than planned depreciation.

The County's investment in business-type activities capital assets as of December 31, 2021 was \$22.7 million (net of depreciation), a net increase of \$2.1 million. Changes consisted primarily of routine highway equipment replacement and depreciation.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT (cont.)

CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Sauk County's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	Governmental Activities			Business-ty	pe Activities		
	2020		2021		2020		2021	
Land Purchased development rights	\$ 4,944,818 6.778.466	\$	4,944,744 6.780.582	\$	614,557 -	\$	614,557 -	
Construction in progress	531,852 719,864		735,703 670,352		319,952 179,025		2,152,014 165,165	
Intangibles Land improvements	862,704		817,171		244,092		365,164	
Buildings Building improvements	36,887,906 3,782,518		36,344,945 3,606,056		12,228,214		11,743,778	
Machinery, equipment, and	, ,		4.005.500		0.054.004		7 004 040	
vehicles Infrastructure	 4,940,658 39,821,318		4,685,583 39,441,321		6,951,831 39,883		7,624,313 37,000	
Totals	\$ 99,270,104	\$	98,026,457	\$	20,577,554	\$	22,702,018	

More detailed capital asset information can be found in Note IV. D. Capital Assets of the financial statements.

DEBT

The County had \$5,985,000 in general obligation notes and bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2021. The governmental activities general obligation bonds for construction of the law enforcement center was completed in 2021. \$5,985,000 was issued as financing for construction of a replacement skilled nursing facility and is reported in business-type activities.

More detailed debt information can be found in Note IV. F. Long-Term Obligations of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's equalized valuations have strengthened with a 2021 increase of 7.5% exclusive of tax incremental financing districts. The County continues to monitor these values. The Wisconsin Dells/Lake Delton area, including six tax incremental financing districts in these municipalities, continues to be a strong driver for the County. An artery from Madison to Wisconsin Dells through the County is U.S. Highway 12, which provides easy access to enhanced educational activities and jobs in Madison.

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, Hubei province, China. In the first several months of 2020, the virus, SARS-CoV-2, and resulting disease, COVID-19, spread to the United States, including to areas impacting the County. The County's evaluation of the effects of these events is ongoing. Although sales tax collections were \$1.0 million less than budgeted in 2020, collections rebounded in 2021 exceeding budget by \$2.5 million. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the County's operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and related governmental or other regulatory actions.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES (cont.)

The County's 2022 budget includes a \$1.4 million, or 4.23%, decrease in property tax dollars levied to \$30.9 million. Major initiatives include continued remodel of county facilities to respond to evolving space needs and enhance security, investment in staff capacity to support existing programs, economic development and place branding and technology and security upgrades. Design work and planning for a replacement Highway facility was started in 2021, total project cost is estimated to be \$50.5 million. General obligation bonds of \$45 million were issued in April 2022, with the remainder of cost to be funded by general fund balance and earnings of unspent bond proceeds. Sauk County was awarded \$12.5 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds which will be used to combat the negative effects of the pandemic in the local economy. Total expenditures, for all County funds, are budgeted to be \$149.1 million. The County continues to adjust to changing economic conditions, resulting in the ability to maintain services without the use of fund balance to supplement diminishing revenue streams. In development of the budget, all known factors were included in the projections. As additional information becomes available throughout the year, the budget will be amended by the County Board.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Sauk County's finances and to provide a glimpse at plans for the future and how those plans may affect the financial health of the County. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information can be directed to the Sauk County Accounting Department, 505 Broadway, Baraboo, WI 53913, 608-355-3237, www.co.sauk.wi.us.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2021

		Business-	
	Governmental	type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 67,782,040		
Taxes receivable	25,197,915	5,696,849	30,894,764
Delinquent taxes receivable	1,740,124	205 704	1,740,124
Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	875,824 26.254	385,784	1,261,608 26,254
Loans receivable	874,937	-	874,937
Due from other governments	8,745,375	601,870	9,347,245
Internal balances	(5,602,007)		-
Prepaid items and inventories	87,754	2,250,678	2,338,432
Restricted assets	•		, ,
Net pension asset	11,736,448	2,901,097	14,637,545
Land	4,944,744	614,557	5,559,301
Purchased development rights	6,780,582	-	6,780,582
Construction in progress	735,703	2,152,041	2,887,744
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	85,565,428	19,935,420	105,500,848
Total Assets	209,491,121	40,151,044	249,642,165
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	40.477.405	5 4 4 5 0 4 0	04.000.400
Pension related amounts	19,177,105	5,145,318	24,322,423
Other postemployment benefit related amounts	1,076,643	401,382	1,478,025
Unamortized loss on advance refunding		195,339	195,339
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,253,748	5,742,039	25,995,787
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	2,993,100	492,612	3,485,712
Accrued liabilities	2,310,149	184,269	2,494,418
Due to other governments	1,180,390	1,200	1,181,590
Deposits	251,200	-	251,200
Unearned revenue	6,300,055	6,882	6,306,937
Noncurrent liabilities due within one year	2,467,153	1,643,281	4,110,434
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year			
OPEB liability, health	741,493	286,663	1,028,156
OPEB liability, life	2,193,355	746,869	2,940,224
Other liabilities due in more than one year	2,557,150	5,393,039	7,950,189
Total Liabilities	20,994,045	8,754,815	29,748,860
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	05 407 045	F COC 040	20 004 704
Property taxes levied for subsequent year Pension related amounts	25,197,915	5,696,849 6,578,905	30,894,764
Other postemployment benefit related amounts	25,483,842	´	32,062,747
Unamortized gain on refunding	328,271	125,638 29,594	453,909 29,594
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	51,010,028	12,430,986	63,441,014
Total Deletted inflows of Resources	31,010,020	12,430,900	03,441,014
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	98,026,457	16,643,123	114,669,580
Restricted	10.1.0=0		404.055
Loan programs	494,059	-	494,059
Aging programs	1,425,877	-	1,425,877
Law enforcement activities Landfill remediation	44,386 4,771,799	-	44,386 4,771,799
Human services programs	2,008,633	- -	2,008,633
Land records modernization	394,511	-	394,511
Dog licenses	1,590	-	1,590
Pension purposes	11,736,448	2,901,097	14,637,545
Unrestricted	38,837,036	5,163,062	44,000,098
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 157,740,796	\$ 24,707,282	\$ 182,448,078

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		s						
						Operating		Capital
			(Charges for		Grants and	(Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	<u>C</u>	Contributions	C	ontributions
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	9,785,705	\$	676,956	\$	326,940	\$	-
Public safety		17,686,296		2,660,483		1,048,846		-
Health and social services		33,133,684		1,084,996		24,795,598		-
Public works		2,365,775		-		-		-
Culture, education and recreation		1,840,979		15,164		11,163		-
Conservation and development		2,594,297		576,092		926,979		-
Interest and fiscal charges		(10,834)						<u>-</u>
Total Governmental Activities		67,395,902		5,013,691	_	27,109,526		
Business-type Activities								
Highway		8,627,676		4,141,640		1,815,689		-
Health care		7,620,493		5,569,526		1,283,563		6,730
Total Business-type Activities		16,248,169		9,711,166		3,099,252		6,730
Total	\$	83,644,071	\$	14,724,857	\$	30,208,778	\$	6,730

General Revenues

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for highway purposes

Property taxes, levied for the health care center

Sales taxes

Real Estate related taxes

Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs

Public gifts and/or grants

Investment income

Gain on sales or disposal of assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

NET POSITION - Beginning of Year

NET POSITION - ENDING

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

-	Sovernmental Activities	B 	usiness-type Activities		Totals
\$	(8,781,809) (13,976,967)	\$	-	\$	(8,781,809) (13,976,967)
	(7,253,090)		-		(7,253,090)
	(2,365,775)		-		(2,365,775)
	(1,814,652)		-		(1,814,652)
	(1,091,226)		-		(1,091,226)
	10,834	_	-	_	10,834
_	(35,272,685)				(35,272,685)
	_		(2,670,347)		(2,670,347)
	_		(760,674)		(760,674)
_				_	
_	<u>-</u>		(3,431,021)	_	(3,431,021)
_	(35,272,685)	_	(3,431,021)	_	(38,703,706)
	26,410,970		_		26,410,970
	-		4,651,181		4,651,181
	_		1,198,185		1,198,185
	11,636,385		-		11,636,385
	1,075,585		-		1,075,585
	1,280,360		-		1,280,360
	3,000		-		3,000
	138,438		5,878		144,316
	108,410		-		108,410
	907,785		5,641		913,426
	820,400		(820,400)		
	42,381,333	_	5,040,485	_	47,421,818
	7,108,648		1,609,464		8,718,112
_	150,632,148	_	23,097,818		173,729,966
\$	157,740,796	\$	24,707,282	\$	182,448,078

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2021

	_	General		Human Services		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	_	Totals
ASSETS	_	20 550 054	_	400.000	•	2 222 524	_	
Cash and investments Receivables (net)	\$	63,550,271	\$	188,222	\$	3,296,591	\$	67,035,084
Taxes		16,366,844		7,730,457		1,100,614		25,197,915
Delinquent taxes Accounts		1,740,124 730,132		108,264		29,025		1,740,124 867,421
Interest		26,254		-		-		26,254
Loans		453,087		4 000 400		421,850		874,937
Due from other funds Due from other governments		551,481 2,895,843		1,099,489 3,621,507		1,443,939 2,228,025		3,094,909 8,745,375
Inventories		23,504		-		-		23,504
Prepaid items	_	51,733	_	11,678		839		64,250
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	86,389,273	\$	12,759,617	\$	8,520,883	\$	107,669,773
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	1,012,790	¢	1,912,543	Ф	67,767	Ф	2,993,100
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	Ą	2,163,783	Ψ	121,617	Ψ	24,749	ψ	2,993,100
Due to other funds		8,769,437				238,287		9,007,724
Due to other governments Deposits		382,799 63,528		787,017 187,672		10,574		1,180,390 251,200
Unearned revenue		6,300,055		-		_		6,300,055
Total Liabilities	_	18,692,392	_	3,008,849		341,377	_	22,042,618
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		16,366,844		7,730,457		1,100,614		25,197,915
Unavailable revenue	_	1,028,835	_	7 720 457	_	476,018		1,504,853
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	17,395,679	_	7,730,457		1,576,632	-	26,702,768
Fund Balances (Deficit)		1 400 000		11 670		020		1 501 515
Nonspendable Restricted		1,488,998		11,678 2,008,633		839 6,656,203		1,501,515 8,664,836
Assigned		17,003,809		-		-		17,003,809
Unassigned (Deficit)	_	31,808,395	_	- 0.000.014	_	(54,168)		31,754,227
Total Fund Balances	_	50,301,202	_	2,020,311	_	6,602,874	-	58,924,387
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	86,389,273	\$	12,759,617	\$	8,520,883		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different position are different position.	fferent beca	use:						
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefor	re, are not re	eported in the	fun	ds.				98,026,457
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as deferred revenue statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.		financial						1,504,853
The net pension asset does not relate to current financial resources and is not repo	rted in the g	overnmental	func	ls.				11,736,448
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial in the governmental funds.	resources a	and are not re	port	ed				19,177,105
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial renot reported in the governmental funds	esources an	id are						(25,483,842)
The other post-employment benefit liability does not relate to current financial resource in the governmental funds	ırces and is	not reported						(2,934,848)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits do not rel resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	late to curre	nt financial						1,076,643
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits do not related resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	ite to current	financial						(328,271)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current pereported in the funds. See Note II.A.	eriod and, the	erefore, are n	ot					(5,024,303)
Internal service net position allocated to governmental activities.								808,692
Long-term liabilities recorded in internal service funds.								257,475
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							\$	157,740,796

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Fines, forfeitures and penalties Public charges for services Intergovernmental charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	General \$ 30,206,762 6,632,678 952,084 380,454 1,727,231 3,851,663 156,110 1,548,947 45,455,929	Human Services \$ 7,778,105 18,964,652 - 74,783 431,195 - 2,551 55,496 27,306,782	Debt Service \$ - - - 1,133 - 1,133	Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ 1,043,713 1,910,701 26,874 105,295 399,060 - 7,364 167,061 3,660,068	Totals \$ 39,028,580 27,508,031 978,958 560,532 2,557,486 3,851,663 167,158 1,771,504 76,423,912
EXPENDITURES					
Current General government Public safety Health and social services Public works Culture, education and recreation Conservation and development Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	8,105,105 19,346,926 6,011,935 30,000 1,712,898 2,710,761 2,085,452	27,031,988 - - - - - 27,031,988	1,825,000 37,094 1,862,094	476,899 20,681 2,383,211 77,903 - 72,086 243,487 - 3,274,267	8,582,004 19,367,607 35,427,134 107,903 1,712,898 2,782,847 2,328,939 1,825,000 37,094 72,171,426
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in Transfers out	1,061,253 (2,443,765)	- (1,055,379)	1,484,695 -	- (103,478)	2,545,948 (3,602,622)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,382,512)	(1,055,379)	1,484,695	(103,478)	(1,056,674)
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,070,340	(780,585)	(376,266)	282,323	3,195,812
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	46,230,862	2,800,896	376,266	6,320,551	55,728,575
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 50,301,202	\$ 2,020,311	\$ -	\$ 6,602,874	\$ 58,924,387

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 3,195,812
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities. Capital asset additions are reported as capital outlay in the fund financial statements, but are capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Some items reported as capital outlay in the fund financial statements are not capitalized in the government-wide statements Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Infrastructure financed by the highway fund Net book value of assets retired	2,328,939 (793,581) (4,598,096) 1,877,074 (57,984)
Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements. Government grants Investment income Delinquent taxes Loans	(175,207) (30,136) (47,223) 6,541
Debt and lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal repaid Unamortized debt premium	1,825,000 38,803
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits Deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits Accrued interest on debt Landfill post-closure care Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	129,267 (577,166) 244,446 21,351 9,132 16,265 5,882,846 5,599,441 (7,926,626)
Change in internal service fund net position attributable to governmental activities	 139,750
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 7,108,648

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of December 31, 2021

	Bus	Governmental Activities		
		Health Care		Internal
	Highway	Center	Totals	Service Funds
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 100	\$ 10,641	\$ 10,741	\$ 746,956
Taxes receivable	4,582,529	1,114,320	5,696,849	-
Accounts receivable	93,458	292,326	385,784	8,403
Due from other funds	1,870,930	3,364,216	5,235,146	990,863
Due from other governments	601,870	-	601,870	-
Prepaid items	2,806	654	3,460	-
Inventories	2,110,242	136,976	2,247,218	
Total Current Assets	9,261,935	4,919,133	14,181,068	1,746,222
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Restricted Assets				
Net pension asset	1,233,873	1,667,224	2,901,097	-
Capital Assets				
Land	111,439	503,118	614,557	-
Construction in progress	2,152,041	-	2,152,041	-
Other capital assets	20,244,041	17,192,200	37,436,241	-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(11,601,820)	(5,899,001)	(17,500,821)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,139,574	13,463,541	25,603,115	
Total Assets	21,401,509	18,382,674	39,784,183	1,746,222
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related amounts	2,054,664	3,090,654	5,145,318	-
Other post-employment related amounts	171,184	230,198	401,382	-
Unamortized loss on refunding		195,339	195,339	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,225,848	3,516,191	5,742,039	

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						ernmental ctivities
			Не	ealth Care				nternal
LIABILITIES AND MET BOOKTION		Highway		Center		Totals	Serv	ice Funds
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	363,514	\$	129,098	\$	492,612	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	75,143	Ψ	59,601	Ψ	134,744	Ψ	_
Accrued interest payable		-		49,525		49,525		_
Due to other funds		_		-		-		313,194
Due to other governments		1,200		-		1,200		· -
Unearned revenue		6,882		-		6,882		-
Claims payable		-		-		-		3,868
Compensated absences		370,396		296,509		666,905		-
General obligation debt payable - current				976,376		976,376		
Total Current Liabilities		817,135		1,511,109		2,328,244		317,062
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Long-Term Debt				= 0.40.004		= 0.40.004		
General obligation debt payable		-		5,248,264		5,248,264		-
Other Liabilities								050 607
Claims payable Compensated absences		02 572		52,203		- 144,775		253,607
Other postemployment benefits, health		92,572 95,256		191,407		286,663		_
Other postemployment benefits, life		343,079		403,790		746,869		_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		530,907		5,895,664		6,426,571		253,607
		,						
Total Liabilities		1,348,042		7,406,773		8,754,815		570,669
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		4,582,529		1,114,320		5,696,849		_
Pension related amounts		2,627,510		3,951,395		6,578,905		-
Other post-employment related amounts		55,271		70,367		125,638		-
Unamortized gain on refunding				29,594		29,594		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,265,310	_	5,165,676	_	12,430,986		
NET POSITION								
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	1	0,905,701		5,737,422		16,643,123		
Restricted for pension		1,233,873		1,667,224		2,901,097		_
Unrestricted		2,874,431		1,921,770		4,796,201	1	,175,553
	<u> </u>							
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 1</u>	5,014,005	\$	9,326,416		24,340,421	1	,175,553
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of interna	ıl serv	ice						
funds activities related to enterprise funds						366,861		(366,861)
Net Position of Business-type Activities					\$	24,707,282		
Net Internal service funds reported in the statem	ent of	:						
net position as governmental activities							\$	808,692

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Bus	es -	Governmental Activities	
	Highway	Health Care	Totala	Internal Service
OPERATING DEVENUES	<u>Highway</u>	<u>Center</u>	Totals	<u>Funds</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 4.141.640	ф <u>Б</u> Б Б С О Б С С	¢ 0.711.166	¢ 492.440
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 4,141,640 5,000	\$ 5,569,526 640	\$ 9,711,166 5,640	\$ 482,449
Total Operating Revenues	4,146,640	5,570,166	9,716,806	482,449
rotal operating November				
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and maintenance	7,703,353	6,995,678	14,699,031	288,632
Depreciation	928,763	488,690	1,417,453	<u> </u>
Total Operating Expenses	8,632,116	7,484,368	16,116,484	288,632
Operating Income (Loss)	(4,485,476)	(1,914,202)	(6,399,678)	193,817
				<u> </u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
General property taxes	4,651,181	1,198,185	5,849,366	-
Intergovernmental grants	1,815,689	1,283,563	3,099,252	-
Investment income	3,649	2,229	5,878	1,416
Interest expense	- (4.077.074)	(172,547)		-
Infrastructure construction expense for governmental activities	(1,877,074)	-	(1,877,074)	-
Loss on sale of assets	(14,620)	-	(14,620)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	4,578,825	2,311,430	6,890,255	1,416
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	93,349	397,228	490,577	195,233
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS				
Capital contributions	-	6,730	6,730	_
Transfers in	-	1,062,548	1,062,548	_
Transfers out	(3,649)	(2,225)	(5,874)	
Total Contributions and Transfers	(3,649)	1,067,053	1,063,404	
Change in Net Position	89,700	1,464,281	1,553,981	195,233
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	14,924,305	7,862,135	22,786,440	980,320
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 15,014,005	\$ 9,326,416	\$ 24,340,421	\$ 1,175,553
Change in net position of enterprise funds			\$ 1,553,981	
Change in internal service fund net position allocable to business-ty	ype activities		55,483	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES \$ 1,609,464				

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Busin E		Governmental Activities		
		Health Care		Internal Service	
	Highway	Center	Totals	Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Received from customers	\$ 6,823,387	\$ 5,457,569	\$ 12,280,956	\$ -	
Received from other funds	-	-	-	262,710	
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	(3,128,445)	(1,347,487)	(4,475,932)	•	
Paid to employees	(5,002,144)	(6,255,251)	(11,257,395)		
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	(1,307,202)	(2,145,169)	(3,452,371)		
Net dash flows from Operating Addivides	(1,001,202)	(2,110,100)	(0,102,011)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers in	_	1,062,548	1,062,548	-	
Transfers out	(3,649)	(2,225)	(5,874)	-	
General property taxes	4,651,181	1,198,185	5,849,366	-	
Intergovernmental grants	1,815,689	1,283,563	3,099,252	-	
Infrastructure construction expense for governmental activities	(1,877,074)		(1,877,074)		
Net Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities	4,586,147	3,542,071	8,128,218		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment income	3,649	2,229	5,878	1,416	
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	3,649	2,229	5,878	1,416	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Principal paid	-	(890,000)	(890,000)	-	
Interest paid	-	(242,800)	(242,800)		
Acquisition of capital assets	(3,302,974)	(267,212)	(3,570,186)	-	
Disposal of capital assets	20,380	<u>-</u>	20,380		
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	(3,282,594)	(1,400,012)	(4,682,606)	<u> </u>	
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	(881)	(881)	59,323	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	100	11,522	11,622	687,633	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 100	\$ 10,641	\$ 10,741	\$ 746,956	

	Busir E		Governmental Activities	
	-	Health	_	Internal
		Care		Service
	Highway	Center	Totals	Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO				
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (4,485,476)	\$ (1,914,202)	\$ (6,399,678)	\$ 193,817
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)				
to Net Cash Provided From Operating Activities				
Depreciation expense	928,763	488,690	1,417,453	-
Changes in Noncash Components of Working Capital				
Accounts receivable	(71,053)	148,037	76,984	(8,403)
Due from other funds	2,666,654	(260,634)	2,406,020	(211,336)
Due from other governmental units	81,147	-	81,147	-
Inventories	(65,892)	(4,395)	(70,287)	-
Prepaid items	(2,638)	(654)	(3,292)	-
Accounts payable	55,418	(29,987)	25,431	(1,472)
Accrued liabilities	(96,122)	(121,045)	(217,167)	-
Due to other governmental units	1,098	-	1,098	75,574
Unearned revenue	(5)	-	(5)	-
Claims payable	-	-	-	9,727
Compensated absences	36,733	(108,701)	(71,968)	-
Other postemployment benefits	32,900	25,884	58,784	-
Pension-related asset and deferrals	(388,729)	(368,162)	(756,891)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,307,202)	<u>\$ (2,145,169</u>)	<u>\$ (3,452,371)</u>	\$ 57,907
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions (to)/from governmental activities		\$ 6,730		
Amortization of premium on long-term debt		\$ 7,676		
Amortization of gain and loss on refunding (net)		\$ 17,061		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cook and investments	ф 74C 400
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 746,499 58,697
Due from other governments	14,771
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 819,967
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 18,388
Accrued liabilities	1,175
Due to other governments	271,909
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 291,472
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Individuals, organizations and other governments	\$ 528,495
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 528,495

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

ADDITIONS	_	Custodial Funds
Property taxes collected for other governments	\$	25,157,668
Clerk of Courts trust account deposits	•	4,826,561
Investment income		230
Miscellaneous		1,380,912
Total Additions		31,365,371
DEDUCTIONS		
Property taxes paid to other governments	\$	25,157,668
Payments from Clerk of Courts trust accounts		4,742,550
Payments to individuals		1,180,183
Other		279,348
Total Deductions		31,359,749
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		5,622
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year		522,873
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	528,495

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Sauk County, Wisconsin (the County) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of Sauk County. The reporting entity for the County consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. Sauk County has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditure/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- 3. In addition, any other governmental or proprietary fund that the County believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – accounts for the County's primary operating activities. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Human Services Fund – used to account for and report grants and local revenues legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures for the human services program.

Debt Service Fund – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Highway Fund – accounts for the maintenance and repair of infrastructure assets in the County. Health Care Center Fund – accounts for operations of the County's health care facility.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The County reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Aging and Disability Resource Center
County Jail
Land Records Modernization
Landfill Remediation
Drug Seizures
Community Development Block Grant – Economic Development (CDBG-ED)
Community Development Block Grant – Housing Rehabilitation (CDBG-Housing Rehab)
Dog License

In addition, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

Officers' Range Association Tri-County Airport Clerk of Courts Inmate Trust Property Tax Collections

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are services provided and used between various functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the functions concerned.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for aging and disability resource center and human services reimbursable grants, for which available is defined as 180 days. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Sales taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which the underlying sales relating to it take place.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the County is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the County which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (cont.)

The proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Highway Fund and Health Care Center are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of County funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET Position or Equity (cont.)
- 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the custodian holding the County's deposits and investments, the deposits and investments may not be returned. County policy minimizes this risk by requiring all principal and interest outside the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool to be insured or collateralized to their full value. Any bank account including certificates of deposit with a balance greater than the bank's deposit insurance or the State Deposit Guarantee Fund must be collateralized at 100% of the collateral's fair value by written agreement with the bank. The County was in compliance at year-end. See Note IV.A.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. County policy limits investments to the unrated Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool or investments rated in the highest or second highest rating categories as issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, unless properly collateralized or insured.

Interest Rate Risk

The County's investment policies seek to ensure preservation of capital in the County's overall portfolio. Return on investment is of secondary importance to safety of principal and liquidity. County policy limits the County to investments with a remaining maturity of no more than three years. The policy further limits the weighted average maturity of the County's investment portfolio to no more than one year.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with a lack of diversification of having significant funds invested in a few individual issuers, thereby exposing the County to greater risks resulting from adverse economic, regulatory, geographic or credit developments. County policy states that the County will generally invest no more than 5% of its funds that are not properly collateralized or insured in a single issuer. Obligations of the U.S. government, mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement.

Foreign Currency Risk

The County does not invest in securities of foreign issuers or in securities denominated in a currency other than the U.S. dollar.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
- 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2021, the fair value of the County's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note IV. A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the County, taxes are collected for and remitted to the municipal governments as well as the local school districts, technical college districts and other special districts. Taxes for the state billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying agency fund statement of assets and liabilities.

Property tax calendar – 2021 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date

Tax bills mailed

Payment in full, or

First installment due

Second installment due

Personal property taxes in full

Tax bills mailed

December 2021

January 31, 2022

January 31, 2022

July 31, 2022

January 31, 2022

January 31, 2022

January 31, 2022

January 31, 2022

October 2024

Property taxes are due in the year subsequent to levy on the last day of January, and collected by local treasurers through that date, at which time unpaid taxes are assigned to the County and appropriate receivables and payables are recorded. Tax collections become the responsibility of the County and taxes receivable include unpaid taxes, special charges, special assessments and special taxes levied for all taxing entities within the County. The County makes restitution to local districts in August for payables recorded at the settlement date without regard to collected funds. A lien is placed on all properties for which a portion of the current tax levy remains unpaid as of September 1. The interest and penalties on taxes not paid within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period is shown as unavailable revenue until it is received in cash.

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectible delinquent taxes has been provided because of the County's demonstrated ability to recover any losses through the sale of the applicable property.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

2. Receivables (cont.)

All CDBG loans have been originally funded by external grant funds. Loans receivable issued from CDBG-Housing Rehabilitation revolving loan funds are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The principal balances are also shown as unavailable revenues to be recognized when repayment is received. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Any unspent loan repayments at year-end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

The County has a 0.5% sales tax which is collected by the State of Wisconsin and remitted to the County monthly. Sales tax is accrued as a receivable when the underlying sale relating to it takes place. At December 31, 2021, the County has accrued two months of subsequent year collections as a receivable.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method, and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The related expenditure is recognized proportionately over the periods that service is provided.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregation of assets is presented as restricted assets. Such segregation is required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$5,000 - \$80,000 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor and overhead. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation and amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation and amortization reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization are provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	50-150	Years
Building Improvements	5-80	Years
Land Improvements	20-50	Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-50	Years
Vehicles	5-20	Years
Infrastructure	10-100	Years
Intangibles	10-30	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
- 6. Deferred Outflows of Resources (cont.)

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

7. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave, vacation, executive leave and compensatory time in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation, sick, executive and compensatory pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, or are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation, sick, executive and compensatory leaves will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated compensated absence liabilities at December 31, 2021 are determined on the basis of 2021 current salary rates and include salary related payments.

8. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable, and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) is reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. The balance at year-end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

The County does not engage in conduit debt transactions.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

10. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by:
 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy by Financial Policy 5-94 to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by: 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the County. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the County that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned through the following: 1) The County has adopted a financial policy manual authorizing the Finance Committee to assign amounts for a specific purpose. 2) All remaining positive spendable amounts in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
- 10. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

e. Unassigned – Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

The County considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The County has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a working capital fund of 25% of subsequent year expenditures in all funds except internal service funds. The balance at year-end was \$19,929,479, or 25%, and is included in unassigned general fund balance.

See Note IV. I. for further information.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

11. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the County OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 12. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (cont.)

	Healt ———	h Insurance OPEB	Life	e Insurance OPEB	Total
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	252,957	\$	1,225,068	\$ 1,478,025
Deferred inflows of resources		19,977		433,932	453,909
OPEB liability		1,028,156		2,940,224	3,968,380
OPEB expense		115,715		331,512	447,227

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities – both current and long-term – are reported in the statement of net position.

Compensated absences	\$	2,945,702
Workers compensation		257,475
Landfill post-closure liability		1,821,126
Combined Adjustment for Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	5,024,303

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. LIMITATIONS ON THE COUNTY'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the County's future tax levies. Generally, the County is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the County's equalized value due to new construction, or 0%. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The County is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

B. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year-end.

As of December 31, 2021, the following individual fund held a deficit balance:

Fund	Amount	Reason
Tri-County Airport	\$ 218,004	Excess expenditures over revenues

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County's deposits and investments at year-end were comprised of the following:

	_	Carrying Value	ı	Bank and nvestment Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits	\$	38,265,731	\$	38,942,658	Custodial credit risk
LGIP		28,528,292		28,528,292	Credit risk Custodial credit, interest
DTC (negotiable) CDs		1,739,000		1,739,000	rate, credit, concentration of credit risks
Petty cash and cash on hand	_	6,257		6,257	N/A
Total Cash and Investments	\$	68,539,280	\$	69,216,207	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per statement of net position					
Unrestricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position	\$	67,792,781			
Custodial Funds		746,499			
Total Cash and Investments	\$	68,539,280			

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit amounts (interest-bearing and noninterest bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposits.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

The County maintains collateral agreements with some of its banks. As of December 31, 2021, the banks had pledged various government securities in the amount of \$23,909,637 to secure the County's deposits.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

> Market approach – prices or other information from market transactions including identical or similar assets

	December 31, 2021										
Investment Type	Leve	el 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total				
DTC (negotiable) CDs	\$	- \$	1,739,000	\$		\$	1,739,000				
Total	\$	- \$	1,739,000	\$		\$	1,739,000				

Custodial Credit Risk

As of December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the County's deposits and investments was \$38,265,731 and the bank balance was \$38,942,658. \$38,942,658 of the bank balance was covered by Federal and State depository insurance or by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

The County does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The County does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

As of December 31, 2021, the County had investments in the following which are not rated:

Local government investment pool DTC (negotiable) CDs

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

As of December 31, 2021, of the County did not have any investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2021, the County's investments were as follows:

		Maturity										
Investment Type Fair Value				Less than 1 Yr. 1 to 5 Yrs.			6 to 1	0 Yrs.	More Than 10 Yrs.		_	
DTC (negotiable) CDs	\$	1,739,000	\$	1,241,000	\$	498,000	\$		\$		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	1,739,000	\$	1,241,000	\$	498,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		_	

B. RECEIVABLES

All receivables as of year-end are expected to be collected within one year except for the funds listed as follows:

	General		_	lon-Major Funds	H	lealth Care Center
Amounts not expected to be collected within one year	\$	1,495,039	\$	468,722	\$	4,385

Receivables of the County are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to receivables as of year-end are as follows:

	 General	 Human Services	 Non-Major Funds	Н	ealth Care Center
Uncollectible amounts	\$ 77,882	\$ 218,581	\$ 46,872	\$	163,430

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES (cont.)

Governmental funds report *unavailable or unearned/deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not payable and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue and unearned/deferred revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Unearned	U	navailable
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Delinquent property taxes receivable Accounts and grants receivable not received within 60 days	\$	25,197,915	\$	- 390,121
of year-end 2022 grant revenues received in 2021		6,300,055		1,114,732 -
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	31,497,970	\$	1,504,853
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Property taxes levied for subsequent year	\$	6,300,055 25,197,915		
Total Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	31,497,970		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES (cont.)

Delinquent property taxes purchased from other taxing authorities are reflected as nonspendable fund balance at year-end since the County will not report revenues upon collection of these taxes. Delinquent property taxes collected within sixty days subsequent to year-end are considered to be available for current expenditures and are therefore excluded from the nonspendable portion of fund balances. For the year ended December 31, 2021, such collections aggregated \$208,150, of which \$44,625 was levied by the County. Delinquent property taxes levied by the County are reflected as unavailable revenue and are excluded from the fund balance until collected. At December 31, 2021, delinquent property taxes by year levied consists of the following:

Tax Certificates		Total	(Defe	ounty Levied erred Inflows of Resources)	County Purchased (Nonspendable Fund Balance)		
2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011	\$	741,794 392,503 209,471 118,881 13,543 8,982 10,120 18,317 10,456 9,401	\$	158,319 83,840 45,217 26,309 3,004 1,980 2,261 3,859 2,215 2,013	\$	583,477 308,663 164,254 92,572 10,539 7,002 7,859 14,458 8,241 7,388	
2010		7,246		1,535		5,711	
2009 Tax deeds Total Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable		7,169 192,241 1,740,124		1,586 102,609 434,747		5,583 89,632 1,305,379	
Less: Subsequent collections		(208,150)		(44,625)		(163,525)	
Total:	\$	1,531,974	\$	390,122	\$	1,141,852	

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Net pension asset:

Governmental \$11,736,448
Business-Type 2,901,097

Total \$14,637,545

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized				
Land	\$ 4,944,818	\$ -	\$ 74	\$ 4,944,744
Purchased development rights	6,778,466	2,116		6,780,582
Construction in progress	531,852	551,176	347,325	735,703
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	12,255,136	553,292	347,399	12,461,029
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized				
Land improvements	1,477,644	-	-	1,477,644
Intangibles	939,344	-	-	939,344
Buildings	51,223,654	241,166	86,000	51,378,820
Building improvements	7,314,358	-	6,658	7,307,700
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	12,178,929	908,068	1,072,610	12,014,387
Infrastructure	73,232,884	2,057,232	1,107,235	74,182,881
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated/Amortized	146,366,813	3,206,466	2,272,503	147,300,776
Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization	for			
Land improvements	(614,940)	(45,533)	-	(660,473)
Intangibles	(219,480)	(49,512)	-	(268,992)
Buildings	(14,335,748)	(780,646)	82,519	(15,033,875)
Building improvements	(3,531,840)	(172,042)	2,238	(3,701,644)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	(7,238,271)	(1,128,940)	1,038,407	(7,328,804)
Infrastructure	(33,411,566)	(2,421,423)	1,091,429	(34,741,560)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/				
Amortization	(59,351,845)	(4,598,096)	2,214,593	(61,735,348)
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net of Depreciation/Amortization	\$ 99,270,104	<u>(\$ 838,338</u>)	\$ 405,309	\$ 98,026,457

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 858,414
Public safety	1,046,054
Health and social services	140,067
Public works	2,287,493
Culture, education and recreation	162,284
Conservation and development	 103,784
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 4.598.096

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets not being				
depreciated/amortized		•	•	A 044 555
Land	\$ 614,557	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 614,557
Construction in progress	319,952	2,111,884	279,795	2,152,041
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	024 500	2 111 001	270 705	2 766 500
Not being Depreciated/Amortized	934,509	2,111,884	279,795	2,766,598
Capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized				
Land improvements	534,474	-	-	534,474
Intangibles	277,200	-	-	277,200
Infrastructure	72,076	-	-	72,076
Buildings	18,758,656	145,215	138,525	18,765,346
Machinery and equipment	16,971,497	1,544,511	728,863	17,787,145
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated/Amortized	36,613,903	1,689,726	867,388	37,436,241
Lana, Annumudatad				
Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization for				
Land improvements	(290,382)	(17,453)	138,525	(169,310)
Intangibles	(98,175)	(13,860)	130,323	(112,035)
Infrastructure	(32,193)	(2,883)	_	(35,076)
Buildings	(6,530,442)	(491,126)	_	(7,021,568)
Machinery and equipment	(10,019,666)	(892,131)	748,965*	
Total Accumulated	(10,010,000)	(032,101)	7 40,000	(10,102,002)
Depreciation/Amortization	(16,970,858)	(1,417,453)	887,490	(17,500,821)
,				
Business-type Capital Assets,				
Net of Depreciation/Amortization	\$ 20,577,554	\$ 2,384,157	\$ 259,693	\$ 22,702,018

^{*} Major repairs to Highway assets are recorded as directed by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation Uniform Cost Reporting Manual. If capitalized major repairs exceed accumulated depreciation on the original asset, the amount of repair cost in excess of accumulated depreciation is recorded as an addition to the cost of the asset. In this case, deletions to accumulated depreciation may exceed deletions to the assets.

Depreciation/Amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type /	Activities
-----------------	------------

Highway	\$ 928,763
Health Care	 488,690
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 1,417,453

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 238,287
General fund	Internal service funds	313,194
Human services	General fund	1,099,489
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	1,443,939
Health care center	General fund	3,364,216
Highway	General fund	1,870,930
Internal service funds	General fund	 990,863
Subtotal – Fund financial statements		9,320,918
Less: Internal service fund allocations		(366,861)
Less: Fund eliminations		 (3,352,050)
Total – Government-Wide Stateme	ent of Net Position	\$ 5,602,007

All interfund balances are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is a result of the general fund holding cash for operational revenues and expenditures in other funds.

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that: (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Interfund Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From		Amount	Principal Purpose
General fund General fund General fund General fund Debt service Debt service Health Care Center	Health Care Center Human Services Human Services Highway General fund County jail General fund	\$	2,225 1,052,828 2,551 3,649 1,381,217 103,478 1,062,548	Interfund investment income Excess fund balance returned Interfund investment income Interfund investment income Sales taxes used for debt payments Assessment fees used for debt payments Sales taxes used for debt payments
Subtotal – Fund Fina	ncial Statements		3,608,496	
Add: Contributions f Governmental Act Less: Fund eliminations Less: Government-wide	ivities S		1,877,074 (2,540,074) (2,125,096)	
Total – Governme of Activities	nt-Wide Statement	\$	820,400	
Transferred To	Transferred Fro	<u>om</u>		Amount
Governmental activities Business-type activities				\$ 1,882,948 (1,062,548)
Total				\$ 820,400

Generally, transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and Notes Payable General obligation debt Unamortized premium Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 1,825,000 38,803 1,863,803	\$ - 	\$ 1,825,000 38,803 1,863,803	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Other Liabilities Vested compensated absences (Note I.D.7.) Workers compensation	3,074,969	2,394,057	2,523,324	2,945,702	2,394,057
(internal service) Landfill post-closure liability	247,748	77,840	68,113	257,475	3,868
(Note IV.H.) Total Other Liabilities	1,837,391 5,160,108	200,927	217,192 2,808,629	1,821,126 5,024,303	69,228 2,467,153
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 7,023,911	\$ 2,672,824	\$ 4,672,432	\$ 5,024,303	\$ 2,467,153
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities Bonds and Notes Payable General obligation debt	\$ 6,875,000	\$ -	\$ 890,000	\$ 5,985,000	\$ 900,000
Unamortized premium Total Bonds and Notes Payable	316,016 7,191,016		76,376 966,376	239,640 6,224,640	76,376 976,376
Other Liabilities Vested compensated absences (Note I.D.7.)	883,648	666,905	738,873	811,680	666,905
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 8,074,664	\$ 666,905	\$ 1,705,249	\$ 7,036,320	\$ 1,643,281

See Notes V.A. and V.D. for more information on the County's liabilities for employee pensions and post-retirement benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation and Other Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the County. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the County may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the County's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2021 was \$431,954,775. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year-end was \$5,985,000.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Business-Type Activities General Obligation Debt

<u>Years</u>	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 900,000	\$	198,100	\$	1,098,100	
2023	935,000		153,850		1,088,850	
2024	995,000		124,500		1,119,500	
2025	1,020,000		94,650		1,114,650	
2026	1,050,000		64,050		1,114,050	
2027	 1,085,000	_	30,600		1,115,600	
Total	\$ 5,985,000	\$	667,700	\$	6,652,700	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences, workers compensation, other postemployment benefits, net pension liability and the landfill post-closure liability are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences, other postemployment benefits obligation and net pension liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund. The workers compensation liability will be liquidated by the internal service fund. See Note IV.H. for more information about the landfill post-closure liability.

Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the County defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At December 31, 2021, \$4,925,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

The County has no material leases as lessee or lessor.

H. CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 40 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs are paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$1,821,126 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2021 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill less amounts actually paid for postclosure. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2021. The County did cease accepting waste in 2006, and closure activities were completed in 2007. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST (cont.)

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements. \$1,776,896 is held with the DNR for postclosure care and is reported as due from other governments in the Landfill Remediation fund. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example) these costs may need to be covered by from future tax revenues.

I. NET POSITION / FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2021 includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets		
Land	\$	4,944,744
Purchased development rights		6,780,582
Construction in progress		735,703
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		85,565,428
Net Investment in Capital Assets	_	98,026,457
Restricted		
Loan programs		494,059
Aging programs		1,425,877
Law enforcement activities		44,386
Landfill remediation		4,771,799
Human services programs		2,008,633
Land records modernization		394,511
Dog License		1,590
Net pension asset	_	11,736,448
Total Restricted		20,877,303
Unrestricted		38,837,036
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	157,740,796

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. NET POSITION / FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2021 include the following:

		Major Funds				Nonmajor				
	<u> </u>	nord Fund		Human		Debt	G	overnmental		Total
	GE	eneral Fund		Services	_	Service	_	Funds	_	Total
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Delinquent property taxes					_				_	
(County purchased)	\$	1,141,852	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,141,852
Prepaid items		51,733		11,678		-		839		64,250
Inventories		23,504		-		-		-		23,504
Long-term receivable		271,909	_	- 44.070	_		_	-		271,909
Subtotal of Nonspendable		1,488,998		11,678	_			839	_	1,501,515
Restricted for										
Human services		-		2,008,633		-		-		2,008,633
Debt service		=		-		-		-		-
Aging & disability resource center	-	-		-		-		1,425,877		1,425,877
Land records modernization		-		-		-		394,511		394,511
Landfill remediation		-		-		-		4,771,799		4,771,799
Drug seizures		-		-		-		44,386		44,386
CDBG-Housing loans		-		-		-		18,040		18,040
Dog license		<u>-</u>			_	<u>-</u>		1,590		1,590
Subtotal of Restricted	_		_	2,008,633	_		_	6,656,203		8,664,836
Assigned for										
Carryforwards to subsequent yea	r	4,227,072		_		_		_		4,227,072
Fund balance applied to	•	1,221,012								1,221,012
subsequent year budget		7,776,737		_		_		_		7,776,737
Fund balance applied to		.,,								.,,
future projects		5,000,000		-		_		-		5,000,000
Subtotal of Assigned		17,003,809		_	_					17,003,809
3		, ,			_				_	, ,
Unassigned										
Working capital		19,929,479		-		-		-		19,929,479
Remaining fund balance (deficit)		11,878,916						(54,168)		11,824,748
Subtotal of Unassigned (deficit)		31,808,395		-		-		(54,168)		31,754,227
Total	\$	50,301,202	\$	2,020,311	\$		\$	6,602,874	\$	58,924,387

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Business-type Activities

Net investment in capital assets		
Land	\$	614,557
Construction in progress		2,152,041
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		19,935,420
Less: Related long-term debt outstanding		(5,985,000)
Less: Premium on debt issued		(239,640)
Plus: Net gain/loss on refunding		165,745
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets		16,643,123
Restricted		
Pension purposes		2,901,097
Unrestricted	_	5,163,062
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	<u>\$</u>	24,707,282

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to receive benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefits. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2011	(1.2)%	11.0%
2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee-required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$2,725,215 in contributions from the County.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2021 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.75%	6.75%
Protective with Social Security	6.75%	11.65%
Protective without Social Security	6.75%	16.25%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the County reported an asset of \$14,637,545 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.23445812%, which was an increase of 0.00523447% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,580,791.

At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 21,185,022	\$	4,563,215	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		27,480,800	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	332,008		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	82,692		18,732	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,722,701		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$ 24,322,423	\$	32,062,747	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

\$2,722,701 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year Ended December 31:	R Def	erred Outflows of desources and ferred Inflows of desources (Net)
	2022	\$	(2,698,397)
	2023		(711,906)
	2024		(4,955,875)
	2025		(2,096,846)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2019
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.0%
Discount Rate:	7.0%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*:	1.9%

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2018. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Global Equities	51.0%	7.2%	4.7%
Fixed Income	25.0	3.2	0.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	16.0	2.0	(0.4)
Real Estate	8.0	5.6	3.1
Private Equity/Debt	11.0	10.2	7.6
Multi-Asset	4.0	5.8	3.3
Total Core Fund	115.0	6.6	4.1
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70.0	6.6	4.1
International Equities	30.0	7.4	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100.0	7.1	4.6

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.4% Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.00%. (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2020. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.) Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 6 Decrease to iscount Rate (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)		 % Increase to iscount Rate (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 13,932,914	\$	(14,637,545)	\$ (35,622,335)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a payable to the pension plan of \$698,060, which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and health care of its employees. The County purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from the risks listed above. However, other risks, such as liability and workers' compensation are accounted for and financed by the County in an internal service fund – the County insurance fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Self Insurance

For liability claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$10,000 per incident and \$10,000,000 in aggregate limits for a policy year. The County has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of those amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

For workers' compensation claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$50,000 per incident and \$500,000 in the aggregate for a policy year. The County has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of those amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

All funds of the County participate in the risk management program. Amounts payable to the County insurance fund are based on estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims deductible.

Public Entity Risk Pool

Wisconsin County Mutual Insurance Corporation

Sauk County and 54 other Wisconsin counties jointly participate in the Wisconsin County Mutual Insurance Corporation (WCMIC) for general and automobile liability insurance. The creation of WCMIC requires the establishment of capital reserves with each of the participating counties depositing amounts as specified in projected rates. This company began operation on January 1, 1988.

The County also participates in WCMIC for workers' compensation insurance. An actuarially determined estimate has been recorded for the County's retained liability, as well as for claims incurred but not reported at December 31, 2021. A total liability of \$257,475 at December 31, 2021 was recorded as claims payable and reported in the Workers' Compensation internal service fund. The entire amount is also recorded in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statements of net position. Changes in the claims loss liability follow:

	Beginning Balance		Incurred Claims		ims Paid/ Settled	Ending Balance	
2021 2020	\$	247,748 244.524	\$ 77,840 245.277	\$	68,113 242.053	\$	257,475 247,748

The governing body is made up of 20 directors elected by the participating counties. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the corporation.

Summary financial information of WCMIC as of December 31, 2021 can be obtained directly from WCMIC's offices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments is only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the County is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the corporation counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position or results of operations.

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The County has active construction projects as of December 31, 2021. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

The County has an encumbrance outstanding at year-end in the amount of \$1,474,323 which is expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor.

The Original Sauk County Landfill is on the National Priority List by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The required five-year report was completed in 2010. The County will apply for de-listing as the need for monitoring has decreased. As required, the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) will continue to maintain oversight of the landfill recovery.

Currently, Sauk County is budgeting for costs associated with the monitoring and cleanup of the original Sauk County Landfill on an annual basis. The amount of potential liability to Sauk County for costs associated with the cleanup and monitoring of the Original Sauk County Landfill cannot be estimated at this time. This potential liability may be material to these financial statements. However, other parties that may be found to have been partially responsible may be liable for some of the costs. In 1993 and 1992, individual parties entered into agreements with the County regarding this issue and paid \$1,078,000 and \$950,000, respectively, to the County to release them from future costs. In 2021, the County spent \$51,374 of these funds on site remediation and cost recovery activities. These funds are held in the Landfill Remediation special revenue fund.

On March 24, 1994, the State of Wisconsin, Department of Natural Resources, with concurrence from U.S. EPA, formally executed and issued a source control record of decision. This decision included such items as: continued monitoring of groundwater; regrading of the landfill surface to promote drainage off of the landfill cover; fencing; installation of a gas extraction system; imposing deed restrictions to prohibit disturbance of the landfill cover; maintenance of the final cover to prevent erosion; and contingency plans in the event that compliance with groundwater quality standards is not achieved in the future. The total cost of the above decision cannot be reasonably determined at this date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Health Insurance

Plan description. The County administers a single-employer defined benefit health plan that provides coverage to active employees and retirees (or other qualified terminated employees) at blended premium rates. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits provided. The County's group health insurance plan provides coverage to active employees and retirees (or other qualified terminated employees at blended premium rates. This results in another postemployment benefit (OPEB) for the retirees, commonly referred to as an implicit rate subsidy. Plan requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and County policies and may be amended only through negotiations between the County and the union. The retirees pay 100% of the blended premium amounts under the plan. The County, by paying the blended premium for active employees, in effect contributes the difference between the blended premium and the age adjustment premium towards retiree benefits.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	
payments	13
Active plan members	584
	597

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,028,156 was measured as of as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.0%
Salary increases 3.0% with merit increases
Healthcare cost trend rates 5.0% - 6.5% per year
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs N/A

The discount rate was based on upon all years of projected payments discounted at the municipal bond rate of 2.25%.

Mortality rates were based on the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2018 – December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	T	otal OPEB Liability	
Balances at December 31, 2020 Changes for the year:	\$	1,006,392	
Service cost Interest		72,504 26,981	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs		45,342	
Benefit payments Net changes		(123,063) 21,764	
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	1,028,156	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25%) than the current discount rate:

	1%			iscount Rate (2.25%)	1	% Increase (3.25%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,103,448	\$	1,028,156	\$	945,141

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	crease (5.5% reasing to 4.0%)	Tren	Ithcare Cost d Rates (6.5% creasing to 5.0%)	ncrease (7.5% ecreasing to 6.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 923,334	\$	1,028,156	\$ 1,151,567

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized an OPEB expense of \$115,715. At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	ferred flows of sources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	75,331	\$	-
Changes of actuarial assumptions or other input		100,552		19,977
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	77,074	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	252,957	\$	19,977

\$77,074 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	Reso Deferre	d Outflows of ources and ed Inflows of ources (Net)
2022	\$	16,230
2023		16,230
2024		16,230
2025		16,230
2026		16,230
Thereafter		74,756

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF)

Plan description. The LRLIF is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can be found at https://etfonline.wi.gov/ETFGASBPublicWeb/gasb75Local.dot

Benefits provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contribution based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2021 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contributions
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of Employee Contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Employee Contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates for the Plan Year

Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05
30-34	0.06	0.06
34-39	0.07	0.07
40-44	0.08	0.08
45-49	0.12	0.12
50-54	0.22	0.22
55-59	0.39	0.39
60-64	0.49	0.49
65-69	0.57	0.57

Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$10,658 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$2,940,224 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to December 31, 2020. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.534516%, which was a decrease of 0.009697% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$331,512.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

At December 31, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	140,297	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		42,807		-	
Changes of assumptions		1,143,788		201,739	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		27,180		91,896	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		11,293			
Total	\$	1,225,068	\$	433,932	

\$11,293 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	of Res Deferr	red Outflows sources and ed Inflows of ources (Net)
2022	\$	141,501
2023		136,871
2024		132,103
2025		120,022
2026		167,046
Thereafter		82,300

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: January 1, 2020

Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability: December 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield: 2.12%

Discount Rate: 2.25%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.00%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

4.25%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2020 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2020

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
US Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	50%	1.47%
US Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	5	2.90
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	50	0.82
Inflation			2.20
Long-Term Expected Ra	ate of Return		4.25

The long-term expected rate of return decreased slightly from 5.00% in the prior year to 4.25% in the current year. This change was primarily based on the target asset allocation and capital market expectations. The expected inflation rate also decreased slightly from 2.30% in the prior year to 2.20% in the current year. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

A single discount rate of 2.25% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.87% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.74% as of December 31, 2019 to 2.12% as of December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 2.87% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.25%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25%) than the current rate:

	to	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (1.25%)		to Discount Discou		Current scount Rate (2.25%)	% Increase to Discount Rate (3.25%)
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,999,545	\$	2,940,225	\$ 2,139,090		

At December 31, 2021, the County reported a payable to the OPEB plan of \$85, which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

E. JOINT VENTURE

Sauk County, Richland County and Iowa County jointly operate the local Tri-County Airport (airport). The counties share in the annual operation of the airport equally.

The governing body is made up of members from each County. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the airport. The County made no contribution to the airport for 2021.

Financial information of the airport as of December 31, 2021 is available directly from the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

F. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On March 15, 2022, the Sauk County Board authorized issuance of \$45,000,000 of general obligation bonds for construction and equipping of Highway Departments facilities. The bonds are dated April 5, 2022 with maturity of April 1, 2041 and have interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 3.25%.

G. RELATED ORGANIZATION

HOUSING AUTHORITY

The County's officials are responsible for appointing the board members of the Sauk County Housing Authority, but the County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments.

H. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32

The statements listed above through Statement No. 93 had their required effective dates postponed by one year with the issuance of Statement No. 95, *Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, with the exception of Statement No. 87 which was postponed by one and a half years.

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Rudgeted	l Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
DEVENUE0	Oliginal	ГПа	Actual	Filial Budget
REVENUES General	\$ 2,777,476	\$ 2,777,476	\$ 5,373,773	\$ 2,596,297
County board	213,948	213,948	213,948	Ф 2,390,291
Clerk of courts	1,325,196	1,325,196	1,346,952	21,756
Circuit court	738,204	738,204		1,023
Court commissioner	240,496	237,640	739,227 230,685	
Circuit court probate	•	,	•	(6,955)
Accounting	197,833	202,801	223,548	20,747
<u> </u>	758,085	758,085	756,823	(1,262)
County clerk Personnel	422,813	427,964	464,715	36,751
Treasurer	583,965	583,965	586,806	2,841
	589,697	433,916	497,936	64,020
Register of deeds District attorney	256,374	256,374	430,371	173,997
•	766,891	766,891	781,065	14,174
Corporation counsel	745,401	744,876	744,876	-
Surveyor	81,047	81,047	81,047	-
Buildings and maintenance	2,403,890	2,403,890	2,696,560	292,670
Sheriff	15,463,471	15,463,471	15,804,807	341,336
Coroner	192,745	192,745	200,370	7,625
Emergency government	284,639	246,636	242,120	(4,516)
Administrator	389,681	471,024	732,872	261,848
Management information systems	2,897,850	3,218,877	3,088,246	(130,631)
Justice, diversion & support	649,013	649,013	602,848	(46,165)
Public health	2,651,654	2,961,133	3,845,107	883,974
Public health - WIC	411,180	411,180	395,321	(15,859)
Public health - environmental health	700,267	700,267	681,123	(19,144)
Child support	1,034,777	1,034,777	1,001,737	(33,040)
Veteran's service	425,653	425,653	425,653	-
Land resources & environment	2,576,238	2,607,663	2,851,970	244,307
University extension	413,159	413,159	415,423	2,264
Total Revenues	40,191,643	40,747,871	45,455,929	4,708,058

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
EXPENDITURES				
General	\$ 2,032,529	\$ 2,032,529	\$ 1,554,703	\$ 477,826
County board	213,948	213,948	179,621	34,327
Clerk of courts	1,325,196	1,325,196	1,314,565	10,631
Circuit court	738,204	748,204	674,561	73,643
Court commissioner	289,242	288,514	281,559	6,955
Circuit court probate	197,833	202,801	202,801	-
Accounting	758,085	942,958	786,905	156,053
County clerk	422,813	427,964	427,964	-
Personnel	608,715	626,688	484,310	142,378
Treasurer	589,697	433,916	410,244	23,672
Register of deeds	256,374	256,374	255,411	963
District attorney	766,891	766,891	738,102	28,789
Corporation counsel	745,401	980,725	980,725	-
Surveyor	81,047	81,047	68,639	12,408
Buildings and maintenance	8,407,853	9,075,648	3,319,403	5,756,245
Sheriff	15,463,471	15,463,471	15,418,136	45,335
Coroner	192,745	192,745	186,529	6,216
Emergency government	292,139	312,139	307,623	4,516
Administrator	389,681	606,331	606,331	-
Management information systems	2,897,850	3,742,724	2,649,387	1,093,337
Justice, diversion & support	649,013	697,677	531,043	166,634
Public health	2,651,654	3,462,203	3,462,203	-
Public health - WIC	411,180	432,155	396,954	35,201
Public health - environmental health	720,045	1,228,092	553,460	674,632
Child support	1,034,777	1,034,777	969,159	65,618
Veteran's service	479,153	482,874	438,202	44,672
Land resources & environment	3,723,845	4,170,900	2,422,985	1,747,915
University extension	413,159	419,947	381,552	38,395
Total Expenditures	46,752,540	50,649,438	40,003,077	10,646,361

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (6,560,897)	\$ (9,901,567)	\$ 5,452,852	\$ 15,354,419						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	355,000 (2,429,947) (2,074,947)	355,000 (2,429,947) (2,074,947)	1,061,253 (2,443,765) (1,382,512)	706,253 (13,818) 692,435						
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,635,844)	(11,976,514)	4,070,340	16,046,854						
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	46,230,862	46,230,862	46,230,862							
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 37,595,018	\$ 34,254,348	\$ 50,301,202	\$ 16,046,854						

HUMAN SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 7,778,105	\$ 7,778,105	\$ 7,778,105	\$ -
Intergovernmental	16,261,659	19,001,631	18,964,652	(36,979)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	70,500	70,500	74,783	4,283
Public charges for services	349,446	349,446	431,195	81,749
Investment income	90,000	90,000	2,551	(87,449)
Miscellaneous	17,100	17,100	55,496	38,396
Total Revenues	24,566,810	27,306,782	27,306,782	
EXPENDITURES				
Current	04 470 040	07.004.000	07.004.000	
Health and social services	24,476,810	27,031,988	27,031,988	
Total Expenditures	24,476,810	27,031,988	27,031,988	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	90,000	274,794	274,794	
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(90,000)	(1,055,379)	(1,055,379)	-
Total Other Financing Uses	(90,000)	(1,055,379)	(1,055,379)	
3				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(780,585)	(780,585)	-
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	2,800,896	2,800,896	2,800,896	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,800,896	\$ 2,020,311	\$ 2,020,311	<u>\$</u>

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	? 1	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension sset) Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/21 12/31/20 12/31/19 12/31/18 12/31/17 12/31/16	0.23445812% 0.22922365% 0.22503692% 0.22198518% 0.21617866% 0.21336366%	\$	(14,637,545) (7,391,216) 8,006,108 (6,591,003) (1,781,828) (3,467,118)	\$ 35,001,609 33,049,779 31,161,492 29,985,529 29,100,426 28,599,618	41.82% 22.36% 25.69% 21.98% 6.12% 12.12%	105.26% 102.96% 96.45% 102.93% 99.12% 98.20%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>						Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/21 12/31/20 12/31/19 12/31/18	\$	2,722,701 2,731,761 2,452,669 2,365,101	\$	2,722,701 2,731,761 2,452,669 2,365,101	\$	- - - -	\$ 34,914,491 35,001,609 33,049,779 31,161,492	7.80% 7.80% 7.42% 7.59%
12/31/17 12/31/16 12/31/15		2,299,458 2,104,262 2,122,416		2,299,458 2,104,262 2,122,416		- - -	29,985,530 28,595,778 28,599,618	7.67% 7.36% 7.42%

The County is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET LIFE INSURANCE OPEB LIABILITY LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
12/31/21	0.53451600%	\$ 2,940,224	\$ 27,875,000	10.55%	31.36%
12/31/20	0.52481900%	2,234,782	27,574,000	8.10%	37.58%
12/31/19	0.53602500%	1,383,126	26,584,000	5.20%	48.69%
12/31/18	0.56806100%	1,709,057	23,888,590	7.15%	44.81%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Fiscal Year Ending	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rela Coi	tributions in ation to the ntractually dequired ntributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/21 12/31/20 12/31/19 12/31/18	\$	11,293 10,257 10,508 10,476	\$	11,293 10,508 10,508 10,476	\$ -	\$ 30,659,375 26,943,233 26,664,442 23,199,177	0.04% 0.04% 0.04% 0.05%

The County is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS HEALTH INSURANCE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total OPEB Liability	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 72,504	\$ 53,548	\$ 55,780	\$ 55,780
Interest	26,981	33,056	30,197	29,558
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	=	92,074	-	-
Changes of assumptions	45,342	72,516	(28,539)	-
Benefit payments	(123,063)	(88,862)	(96,505)	(37,678)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	21,764	162,332	(39,067)	47,660
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	1,006,392	844,060	883,127	835,467
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 1,028,156	\$ 1,006,392	\$ 844,060	\$ 883,127
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 31,828,164	\$ 31,828,164	\$ 29,491,841	\$ 29,491,841
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	3.23%	3.16%	2.86%	2.99%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, 2020, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Average remaining member service life

Amortization period 11 years
Asset valuation method N/A
Inflation 2.00 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.5 percent initial, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent

Salary increases 3.00 percent average, including inflation

Investment rate of return N/A

Retirement age

Based upon rates from the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation for the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

Mortality

Assumed life expectancies were based on the Wisconsin

2018 Mortality Table

Benefit changes. There were no changes to the benefits.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

The county implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I. C.

A budget has been adopted for the general fund and all other funds.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The finance committee may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by the finance committee and a two-thirds county board action.

Appropriations lapse at year-end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$4,227,072 in the general fund. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in Assumptions. No significant changes in assumptions were noted from the prior year.

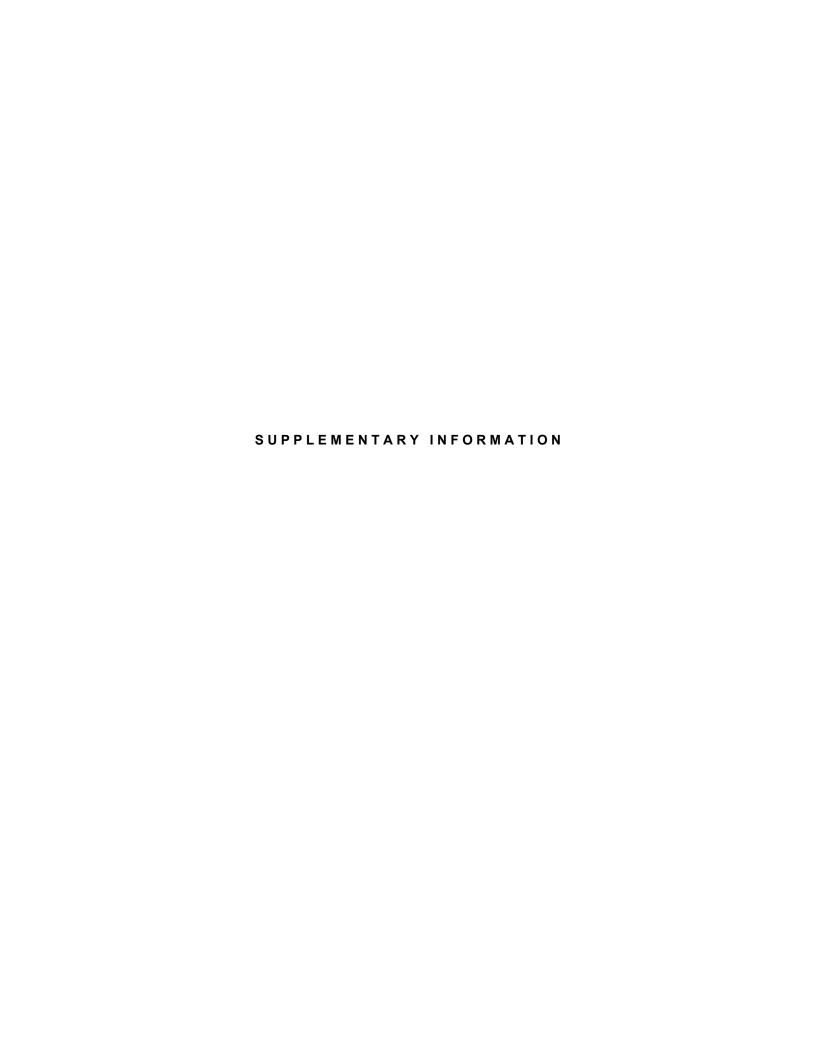
LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

The County is required to present the last ten years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in Benefits: There were no change of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes in Assumptions: The Single Discount Rate assumption used to develop the Total OPEB Liability changed from the prior year. Please refer to the Actuarial Assumptions section above for additional details.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2021

						Sp	ecia	l Revenue F	und	s								
		Aging and Disability source Center		County Jail		I Records ernization	R	Landfill emediation	_8	Drug Seizures	Ec	DBG-ED conomic elopment		DBG-HSE Housing habilitation	Do Lice			Total lonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS	Φ.	00.007	Φ.		Φ.		•	0.470.400	•	44.000	Φ.		Φ.	05.700	Φ.		Φ.	0.000.504
Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$	39,907 582,014	\$	-	\$	518,600	\$	3,176,499	\$	44,386	\$	-	\$	35,799	\$	-		3,296,591
Accounts receivable		21,593		5,067		2,295		-		_		_		-		70		1,100,614 29,025
Loans receivable		21,393		3,007		2,295		_		_		_		- 421,850		70		421,850
Due from other funds		1,034,690				406,794		_		_		_		421,000	2	- 455		1,443,939
Due from other governmental units		396,961				-100,704		1,776,896		_		54,168		_	۷,	-100		2,228,025
Prepaid items		335				504		-	_			-		<u>-</u>				839
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,075,500	\$	5,067	\$	928,193	\$	4,953,395	\$	44,386	\$	54,168	\$	457,649	\$ 2,	525	\$	8,520,883
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities																		
Accounts payable	\$	47,464	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,569	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,734	\$	-	\$	67,767
Accrued liabilities		19,810				4,939				-				-		-		24,749
Due to other funds		-		5,067		- 0.000		179,027		-		54,168		25		-		238,287
Due to other governmental units						9,639	_	404.500	_		_	-	_	47.750		935		10,574
Total Liabilities		67,274	_	5,067		14,578	_	181,596	_			54,168	_	17,759		935	_	341,377
Deferred Inflows of Resources																		
Property taxes levied for next period		582,014		-		518,600		-		-		-		-		-		1,100,614
Unavailable revenues		582,014	_			518,600			_		_	54,168		421,850				476,018
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		582,014	_			518,600						54,168		421,850				1,576,632
Fund Balances (Deficit)																		
Nonspendable		335		-		504		-		-		-		-		-		839
Restricted		1,425,877		-		394,511		4,771,799		44,386		-		18,040	1,	590		6,656,203
Unassigned (Deficit)		_						_		-		(54,168)						(54,168)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		1,426,212	_			395,015		4,771,799	_	44,386		(54,168)	_	18,040	1,	590	_	6,602,874
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,																		
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,075,500	\$	5,067	\$	928,193	\$	4,953,395	\$	44,386	\$	54,168	\$	457,649	\$ 2,	525	\$	8,520,883

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

					Special Revenu	e Funds				
	Aging a Disabili Resource C	ty	County Jail	Land Records Modernization	Landfill Remediation	Drug Seizures	CDBG-ED Economic Development	CDBG-HSE Housing Rehabilitation	Dog License	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES			•		•	•	•	•	•	.
Taxes		,	\$ -	\$ 419,286	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,043,713
Intergovernmental	1,8	14,253	-	95,128	-	1,320	-	-	-	1,910,701
Licenses and permits		-	-	-	=	-	-	=	26,874	26,874
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		-	103,478	-	=	1,817	-	=	-	105,295
Public charges for services	2	52,972	-	146,088	-	-	-	-	-	399,060
Investment income		39	-	-	7,273	37	-	15	-	7,364
Miscellaneous		01,734						65,327		167,061
Total Revenues	2,79	93,425	103,478	660,502	7,273	3,174		65,342	26,874	3,660,068
EXPENDITURES Current										
General government		_	_	476,899	_	_	_	_	_	476,899
Public safety		_	_		_	20,681	_	_	_	20,681
Health and social services	2 3!	58,408	_	_	_	_0,00.	_	_	24,803	2,383,211
Public works	_,-,-	_	_	_	77,903	_	_	_	,	77,903
Conservation and development		_	_	_	-	_	_	72,086	_	72,086
Capital Outlay	!	52,376	_	139,049	_	_	52,062		_	243,487
Total Expenditures		10,784		615,948	77,903	20,681	52,062	72,086	24,803	3,274,267
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures	38	82,641	103,478	44,554	(70,630)	(17,507)	(52,062)	(6,744)	2,071	385,801
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Transfers out		_	(103,478)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(103,478)
Total Other Financing Uses	-		(103,478)							(103,478)
Total Other Financing Oses	-	<u>-</u>	(103,470)							(103,476)
Net change in fund balance	38	82,641	-	44,554	(70,630)	(17,507)	(52,062)	(6,744)	2,071	282,323
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -										
Beginning of Year	1,04	43,571		350,461	4,842,429	61,893	(2,106)	24,784	(481)	6,320,551
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -										
END OF YEAR	\$ 1,42									\$ 6,602,874

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

- > Aging and Disability Resource Center Accounts for funds used to provide a wide range of programming, advocacy and access to services for the elderly and disabled.
- > County Jail Accounts for the portion of court imposed fines or forfeitures ordered under Wisconsin Statutes subsection 302.46 for use in maintaining the jail or providing educational and medical services to inmates.
- > Land Records Modernization Accounts for the portion of document filing fees collected under Wisconsin Statutes subsection 59.72(5)(b)3 for provision of land information data collection and retrieval.
- > Landfill Remediation Accounts for maintenance of the County's two closed landfill sites.
- > *Drug Seizures* Accounts for funds seized under certain federal and state statutes for drug prevention activities.
- > Community Development Block Grant Economic Development (CDBG-ED) Revolving Loans Accounts for economic development revolving loans with an emphasis on job creation.
- > Community Development Block Grant Housing Rehabilitation (CDBG-Housing Rehab) Accounts for revolving loans extended to low-income homeowners for housing rehabilitation.
- > Dog License Accounts for retained dog license fees for animal care and shelter.

AGING AND DISABILITY RESOURCE CENTER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted	l An	nounts		Vai	riance with
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	624,427	\$	624,427	\$ 624,427	\$	-
Intergovernmental		1,541,325		1,541,325	1,814,252		272,927
Public charges for services		298,750		298,750	252,972		(45,778)
Investment income		-		-	39		39
Miscellaneous		82,700		82,700	 101,735		19,035
Total Revenues	_	2,547,202		2,547,202	 2,793,425		246,223
EXPENDITURES Current							
Health and social services		2,581,202		2,581,202	2,358,408		222,794
Capital Outlay		61,000		61,000	 52,376		8,624
Total Expenditures		2,642,202		2,642,202	 2,410,784		231,418
Net Change in Fund Balance		(95,000)		(95,000)	382,641		477,641
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		1,043,571		1,043,571	 1,043,571		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	948,571	\$	948,571	\$ 1,426,212	\$	477,641

COUNTY JAIL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$ 100,000	\$ 103,478	\$ 103,478	\$ -
Total Revenues	100,000	103,478	103,478	
EXPENDITURES				
Excess of revenues over expenditures	100,000	103,478	103,478	
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(100,000)	(103,478)	(103,478)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(100,000)	(103,478)	(103,478)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

LAND RECORDS MODERNIZATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	 Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Va	riance with
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 263,505	\$	419,286	\$ 419,286	\$	-
Intergovernmental	51,000		51,000	95,128		44,128
Public charges for services	 144,000		144,000	 146,088		2,088
Total Revenues	 458,505		614,286	 660,502		46,216
EXPENDITURES Current						
General government	459,556		615,337	476,899		138,438
Capital Outlay	 50,000		50,000	139,049		(89,049)
Total Expenditures	 509,556		665,337	 615,948		49,389
Net Change in Fund Balance	(51,051)		(51,051)	44,554		95,605
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	 350,461		350,461	 350,461		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 299,410	\$	299,410	\$ 395,015	\$	95,605

LANDFILL REMEDIATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	 Budgeted	l An	nounts			Var	iance with
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES							
Investment income	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	\$	7,273	\$	(17,727)
Total Revenues	 25,000		25,000		7,273		(17,727)
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Public works	 106,955		106,955	_	77,903		29,052
Total Expenditures	 106,955		106,955		77,903		29,052
Net Change in Fund Balance	(81,955)		(81,955)		(70,630)		11,325
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	 4,842,429		4,842,429	_	4,842,429		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,760,474	\$	4,760,474	\$	4,771,799	\$	11,325

DRUG SEIZURES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Varia	nce with	
	C	Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	2,000	\$	1,594	\$ 1,320	\$	(274)	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		4,500		1,500	1,817		317	
Investment income		80		80	37		(43)	
Total Revenues		6,580		3,174	3,174			
EXPENDITURES Current								
Public safety		11,100		20,681	20,681		<u>-</u>	
Total Expenditures		11,100		20,681	20,681			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,520)		(17,507)	(17,507)		-	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		61,893		61,893	61,893			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	57,373	\$	44,386	\$ 44,386	\$		

CDBG-ED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts		Va	riance with	
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 695,000	\$	695,000	\$ 	\$	(695,000)	
Total Revenues	 695,000	_	695,000	 <u>-</u>		(695,000)	
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay	 695,000		747,062	 52,062		695,000	
Total Expenditures	 695,000	_	747,062	 52,062		695,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		(52,062)	(52,062)		-	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	 (2,106)		(2,106)	 (2,106)			
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (2,106)	\$	(54,168)	\$ (54,168)	\$	<u>-</u>	

CDBG-HSE HOUSING REHABILITATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Variance with Final Budget		
	C	Original		Final	 Actual			
REVENUES								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15	\$	15	
Miscellaneous		20,000		65,342	65,327		(15)	
Total Revenues		20,000		65,342	 65,342		<u>-</u>	
EXPENDITURES Current								
Conservation and development		20,000		72,086	 72,086			
Total Expenditures		20,000		72,086	72,086			
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(6,744)	(6,744)		-	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		24,784		24,784	24,784			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	24,784	\$	18,040	\$ 18,040	\$		

DOG LICENSE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Variance with
	(Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES					 	
Licenses and permits	\$	24,000	\$	26,874	\$ 26,874	\$ -
Total Revenues		24,000		26,874	26,874	
EXPENDITURES Current						
Health and social services		21,806		24,803	24,803	
Total Expenditures		21,806	_	24,803	24,803	
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,194		2,071	2,071	-
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		(481)		(481)	 (481)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,713	\$	1,590	\$ 1,590	<u>\$</u> _

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted	An	nounts			Va	riance with
	Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES							
Investment income	\$ 8,000	\$	8,000	\$	1,133	\$	(6,867)
Total Revenues	 8,000	_	8,000		1,133	_	(6,867)
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service							
Principal	1,825,000		1,825,000		1,825,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 37,000		37,094		37,094		
Total Expenditures	 1,862,000	_	1,862,094	_	1,862,094		<u>-</u>
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	 (1,854,000)		(1,854,094)		(1,860,961)		(6,867)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in	1,467,399		1,467,399		1,484,695		17,296
Total Other Financing Sources	1,467,399		1,467,399		1,484,695		17,296
Net Change in Fund Balance	(386,601)		(386,695)		(376,266)		10,429
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	 376,266		376,266		376,266		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (10,335)	\$	(10,429)	\$		\$	10,429

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

- > Self-Insurance Accounts for funds used for payment of general liability deductibles and claims on a self-insured basis or for purchase of certain insurance coverage.
- > Workers Compensation Accounts for workers' compensation claims on a self-insured basis.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS As of December 31, 2021

	Ir	Self- surance	Workers' Compensation		Totals
ASSETS					<u> </u>
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	746,956	\$ -	\$	746,956
Accounts receivable	•	8,403	<u>-</u>		8,403
Due from other funds		-	990,863		990,863
Total Assets		755,359	990,863		1,746,222
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Due to other funds		313,194	_		313,194
Claims payable		-	3,868		3,868
Total Current Liabilities		313,194	3,868	_	317,062
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Claims payable			253,607		253,607
Total Liabilities		313,194	257,475	_	570,669
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted		442,165	733,388		1,175,553
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	442,165	\$ 733,388	<u>\$</u>	1,175,553

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Self-	Workers'	
	Insurance	Compensation	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 58,389	\$ 424,060	\$ 482,449
OPERATING EXPENSES Operation and maintenance	67,653	220,979	288,632
Operating income (loss)	(9,264)	203,081	193,817
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment income	1,416		1,416
Change in Net Position	(7,848)	203,081	195,233
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	450,013	530,307	980,320
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 442,165	\$ 733,388	\$ 1,175,553

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	lr	Self- nsurance		Workers' mpensation		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Received from other funds	\$	49,986	\$	212,724	\$	262,710
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		7,921		(212,724)		(204,803)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		57,907				57,907
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment income		1,416				1,416
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		1,416		<u>-</u>		1,416
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		59,323		-		59,323
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year		687,633				687,633
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	746,956	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	746,956
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф	(0.004)	Φ.	202.004	Φ	400.047
Operating income (loss) Changes in Noncash Components of Working Capital	\$	(9,264)	\$	203,081	\$	193,817
Accounts receivable		(8,403)		-		(8,403)
Due from other funds		-		(211,336)		(211,336)
Due to other governmental units		75,574		-		75,574
Accounts payable		-		(1,472)		(1,472)
Claims payable				9,727		9,727
NET CASH FLOWS FROM						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	57,907	\$	_	\$	57,907

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES None.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial Funds – Report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds or private-purpose trust funds.

- > Officers Range Association Accounts for the operations of a shooting range association comprised of local law enforcement agencies.
- > *Tri-County Airport* Accounts for the operations of the Tri-County Airport, a joint venture with lowa and Richland Counties, for which Sauk County acts as fiscal agent.
- > Clerk of Courts Accounts for fines and forfeitures to be disbursed to the County and other third parties.
- > Inmate Trust Accounts for inmate funds held by the County while inmates are incarcerated.
- > *Property Tax Collections* Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of property tax payments by the County Treasurer for local municipalities.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2021

						Custodi	al F	unds						
		fficers'												
		Range Tri-County Clerk of Inmate Association Airport Courts Trust		•		Tri-County	Clerk of		Inmate Trust		Property Tax Collection			Totals
ASSETS	Ass			Hust	Collection		iotais							
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	1,589	\$	- 58,697	\$	657,907	\$	87,003	\$	-	\$	746,499 58,697		
Due from other governments				14,771			_		_			14,771		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,589	\$	73,468	\$	657,907	\$	87,003	\$		\$	819,967		
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	=	\$	18,388	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,388		
Accrued liabilities		-		1,175		-		-		-		1,175		
Due to other governments		<u> </u>		271,909	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_			271,909		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$		\$	291,472	\$		\$		\$		\$	291,472		
NET POSITION														
Restricted for:														
Individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	1,589	\$	(218,004)	\$	657,907	\$	87,003	\$	-	\$	528,495		
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$	1,589	\$	(218,004)	\$	657,907	\$	87,003	\$		\$	528,495		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

						Custodi	al F	unds				
		Officers'										
		Range	-	Tri-County	•			Inmate		Property Tax		
	As	sociation		Airport		Courts		Trust		Collection		Totals
ADDITIONS												
Property taxes collected for other governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,157,668	\$	25,157,668
Clerk of Courts trust account deposits		-		-		4,826,561		-		-		4,826,561
Investment income				450 546		230		1 100 710		-		230
Miscellaneous	-	29,686		152,516	_			1,198,710				1,380,912
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	29,686	\$	152,516	\$	4,826,791	\$	1,198,710	\$	25,157,668	\$	31,365,371
DEDUCTIONS												
Property taxes paid to other governments	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	25,157,668	\$	25,157,668
Payments from Clerk of Courts trust accounts		-		-		4,742,550		-		-		4,742,550
Payments to individuals		-		-		-		1,180,183		-		1,180,183
Other		30,867		248,481		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		279,348
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	30,867	\$	248,481	\$	4,742,550	\$	1,180,183	\$	25,157,668	\$	31,359,749
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(1,181)		(95,965)		84,241		18,527		-		5,622
Net Position (Deficit) - beginning of year		2,770		(122,039)		573,666		68,476		_		522,873
Net Fosition (Dencit) - beginning of year		2,110		(122,039)	_	373,000	_	50,470			_	322,013
Net Position (Deficit) - end of year	\$	1,589	\$	(218,004)	\$	657,907	\$	87,003	\$		\$	528,495

SAUK COUNTY, WISCONSIN ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of Sauk County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

- Table 1 Net Position by Component
- Table 2 Changes in Net Position
- Table 3 Fund Balance, Governmental Funds
- Table 4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and sales tax.

- Table 5 Tax Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds
- Table 6 Equalized Value of All Property by Assessment Class
- Table 7 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
- Table 8 Principal Property Taxpayers
- Table 9 Property Tax Levies and Collections
- Table 10 Sales Tax by Category

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

- Table 11 Ratios of Outstanding Bonded Debt
- Table 12 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- Table 13 Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

- Table 14 Demographic Statistics
- Table 15 Principal Employers

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

- Table 16 Full-Time Equivalent Positions by Function
- Table 17 Operating Indicators by Function/Department
- Table 18 Capital Asset Statistics by Function

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$78,543,596	\$80,164,003	\$83,673,147	\$89,230,168	\$89,330,974	\$92,242,545	\$93,779,156	\$95,465,021	\$97,406,301	\$98,026,457
Restricted	12,149,611	12,092,843	19,195,027	14,639,638	10,286,209	12,270,892	16,509,585	10,198,505	16,454,303	20,877,303
Unrestricted	24,084,280	28,093,593	29,683,436	35,223,234	41,796,330	41,680,590	37,272,127	42,119,065	36,771,546	38,837,036
Total Governmental activities net position	\$114,777,487	\$120,350,439	\$132,551,610	\$139,093,040	\$141,413,513	\$146,194,027	\$147,560,868	\$147,782,591	\$150,632,150	\$157,740,796
Business-type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$8,258,961	\$8,079,233	\$8,506,639	\$9,369,451	\$10,432,740	\$11,350,380	\$12,256,452	\$12,624,903	\$13,569,344	\$16,643,123
Restricted	-	-	2,580,924	1,277,972	-	-	1,483,274	-	1,537,614	2,901,097
Unrestricted	5,283,791	5,008,926	4,250,581	6,375,620	7,977,973	9,284,845	8,322,929	9,506,918	7,990,864	5,163,062
Total business-type activities net position	\$13,542,752	\$13,088,159	\$15,338,144	\$17,023,043	\$18,410,713	\$20,635,225	\$22,062,655	\$22,131,821	\$23,097,821	\$24,707,282
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$86,802,557	\$88,243,236	\$92,179,786	\$98,599,619	\$99,763,714	\$103,592,925	\$106,035,608	\$108,089,924	\$110,975,644	\$114,669,580
Restricted	12,149,611	12,092,843	21,775,951	15,917,610	10,286,209	12,270,892	17,992,859	10,198,505	17,991,917	23,778,400
Unrestricted	29,368,071	33,102,519	33,934,017	41,598,854	49,774,303	50,965,435	45,595,056	51,625,983	44,762,410	44,000,098
Total primary government net position	\$128,320,239	\$133,438,598	\$147,889,754	\$156,116,083	\$159,824,226	\$166,829,252	\$169,623,523	\$169,914,412	\$173,729,971	\$182,448,078

Source: Prior years' financial statements and current year government wide Statement of Net Position

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$6,441,271	\$6,158,608	\$7,087,033	\$7.517.137	\$7,834,771	\$8,522,038	\$9.066.439	\$9,495,441	\$10,069,359	\$9.785.705
Public Safety	17.307.818	16,472,767	16,397,870	16,482,014	17,965,768	18,399,978	17,915,955	19,950,857	19,000,609	17.686.296
Health and Social Services	18,384,595	17,680,099	18,406,408	19,441,565	23,127,620	24,194,741	27,084,870	29,936,740	31,840,028	33,133,684
Public Works	2,282,085	2,329,089	2,305,626	2,900,549	2,570,830	2,300,685	2,759,698	2,434,283	2,586,258	2,365,775
Culture, Education and Recreation	1,841,533	1,802,683	1,923,956	2,190,075	2,187,557	217,580	3,178,935	2,654,625	1,814,877	1,840,979
Conservation and Economic Development	1,970,108	1,374,338	1,979,346	1,771,291	1,730,403	1,937,937	1,771,527	2,711,120	3,286,189	2,594,297
Interest and Fiscal Charges	658,191	589,640	514,764	314,773	309,944	85,087	81,938	47,363	12,087	(10,834)
Total Governmental activities expenses	\$48,885,601	\$46,407,224	\$48,615,003	\$50,617,404	\$55,726,893	\$55,658,046	\$61,859,362	\$67,230,429	\$68,609,407	\$67,395,902
Business-type Activities										
Highway	\$6.840.339	\$7,847,729	\$6,096,900	\$3,584,885	\$6,794,955	\$7,674,987	\$8.709.994	\$9,137,575	\$7.967.334	\$8.627.676
Health Care Center	8,808,468	8,972,275	9,377,284	9,692,029	9,993,337	9,964,658	9,426,451	9,829,258	8,723,609	7,620,493
Total business-type activities expenses	\$15,648,807	\$16,820,004	\$15,474,184	\$13,276,914	\$16,788,292	\$17,639,645	\$18,136,445	\$18,966,833	\$16,690,943	\$16,248,169
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Total Primary Government Expenses	\$64,534,408	\$63,227,228	\$64,089,187	\$63,894,318	\$72,515,185	\$73,297,691	\$79,995,807	\$86,197,262	\$85,300,350	\$83,644,071
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for Services										
General Government	\$701,925	\$805,468	\$647,606	\$618,026	\$739,904	\$616,216	\$591,328	\$621,620	\$826,566	\$676,956
Public Safety	2,169,894	2,532,748	2,264,594	2,309,667	2,212,298	2,151,987	2,518,131	2,599,550	2,371,722	2,660,483
Health and Social Services	1,088,951	874,215	897,436	211,245	799,090	938,398	1,019,236	1,133,524	996,147	1,084,996
Public Works	5,077	488	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Culture, Education and Recreation	131,523	127,390	118,015	278,677	159,995	802,251	557,651	225,067	20,811	15,164
Conservation and Economic Development	217,986	220,930	220,617	294,864	310,945	295,597	318,311	293,893	590,023	576,092
Operating Grants & Contributions	13,922,688	12,246,479	12,400,058	13,248,089	16,345,003	18,271,210	19,914,279	21,515,850	25,508,919	27,109,526
Capital Grants & Contributions	695,657	75,979	68,918	104,561	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Governmental activities program revenues	\$18,933,701	\$16,883,697	\$16,617,244	\$17,065,129	\$20,567,235	\$23,075,659	\$24,918,936	\$26,389,504	\$30,314,188	\$32,123,217
Business-type Activities										
Charges for Services										
Highway	\$3,738,683	\$3,707,334	\$3,804,367	\$4,450,854	\$4,303,170	\$4,870,123	\$5,298,804	\$4,748,009	\$3,922,947	\$4,141,640
Health Care Center	5,852,435	5,955,410	6,024,920	6,331,050	6,602,761	6,782,077	6,530,496	6,796,822	5,617,399	5,569,526
Operating Grants & Contributions	2,184,353	2,499,432	1,944,379	2,448,815	2,581,265	2,063,874	2,827,645	2,888,303	4,487,262	3,099,252
Capital Grants & Contributions	0	0	0	0	135,135	776,538	17,592	14,320	7,627	6,730
Total Business-type activities program revenues	\$11,775,471	\$12,162,176	\$11,773,666	\$13,230,719	\$13,622,331	\$14,492,612	\$14,674,537	\$14,447,454	\$14,035,235	\$12,817,148
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$30,709,172	\$29,045,873	\$28,390,910	\$30,295,848	\$34,189,566	\$37,568,271	\$39,593,473	\$40,836,958	\$44,349,423	\$44,940,365

Continued on next page

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

NET EXPENSE (DEVENUE)	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>
NET EXPENSE (REVENUE) Governmental activities	(\$29,951,900)	(\$29,523,527)	(\$31,997,759)	(\$33,552,275)	(\$35,159,658)	(\$32,582,387)	(\$36,940,426)	(\$40,840,925)	(\$38,295,219)	(\$35,272,685)
Business-type activities	(3,873,336)	(4,657,828)	(3,700,518)	(46,195)	(3,165,961)	(3,147,033)	(3,461,908)	(4,519,379)	(2,655,708)	(3,431,021)
	(3,073,330)	(4,037,020)	(3,700,310)	(40,193)	(5,105,501)	(0,147,000)	(3,401,300)	(4,515,515)	(2,000,700)	(0,401,021)
Total Primary Government	(\$33,825,236)	(\$34,181,355)	(\$35,698,277)	(\$33,598,470)	(\$38,325,619)	(\$35,729,420)	(\$40,402,334)	(\$45,360,304)	(\$40,950,927)	(\$38,703,706)
GENERAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS										
Governmental Activities										
Property Taxes	\$22,442,721	\$22,476,845	\$23,204,334	\$23,835,553	\$24,002,868	\$23,910,492	\$24,630,422	\$25,554,535	\$26,418,947	\$26,410,970
Sales Taxes	7,323,850	7,520,035	8,000,457	8,484,011	8,764,818	9,173,059	9,383,592	9,460,803	8,891,032	11,636,385
Real Estate Related Taxes	1,344,179	1,638,460	1,213,551	1,172,610	998,268	917,000	923,026	1,085,974	1,029,389	1,075,585
Intergovernmental Revenues Not Restricted to Specific Purposes	950,166	977,170	944,306	1,455,889	1,113,183	901,532	954,726	1,442,331	1,391,822	1,280,360
Public Gifts and/or Grants	19,850	9,261	23,475	16,424	5,717	200,945	508,261	871	500	3,000
Investment Income	148,068	149,324	144,755	192,633	292,415	470,705	1,007,728	1,338,592	552,482	138,438
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	0	1,425	3,019	10,097	0	5,931	5,525	10,365	43,058	108,410
Miscellaneous	410,208	464,950	464,152	607,079	646,297	641,717	703,681	860,294	1,064,638	907,785
Transfers	2,314,984	1,859,009	2,286,801	4,319,409	1,656,563	1,141,524	1,215,000	1,308,883	1,752,919	820,400
Total Governmental Activities	\$34,954,026	\$35,096,479	\$36,284,850	\$40,093,705	\$37,480,129	\$37,362,905	\$39,331,961	\$41,062,648	\$41,144,787	\$42,381,333
Business-type Activities	#0 000 F70	00.054.450	0 E 0E0 440	#0.040.FF0	DO 400 475	00 444 470	00 000 500	65 007 004	05 044 000	65 040 000
Property Taxes	\$6,088,576	\$6,054,453	\$5,650,440	\$6,042,556	\$6,180,175	\$6,441,172	\$6,338,596	\$5,607,821	\$5,311,930	\$5,849,366
Investment Income	10,783 0	7,507	5,840	7,621	30,303	70,829	190,630	260,637	62,444 0	5,878 0
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	•
Special Item	0	283 0	101 0	326 0	(287) 0	1,070 0	567 0	28,970 0	251 0	5,641 0
Special item Transfers	(2,314,984)	(1,859,009)	-	(4,319,409)	(1,656,563)	(1,141,524)	(1,215,000)	(1,308,883)	-	(820,400)
Total Business-type Activities	\$3,784,375	\$4,203,234	(2,286,801) \$3,369,580	\$1,731,094	\$4,553,628	\$5,371,547	\$5,314,793	\$4,588,545	(1,752,919) \$3,621,706	\$5,040,485
Total Business-type Activities	\$3,764,373	Φ4,203,234	\$3,309,300	\$1,731,094	φ4,000,020	φ3,371,347	φ3,314,793	\$4,000,040	\$3,021,700	\$5,040,465
Total Primary Government	\$38,738,401	\$39,299,713	\$39,654,430	\$41,824,799	\$42,033,757	\$42,734,452	\$44,646,754	\$45,651,193	\$44,766,493	\$47,421,818
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$5,002,126	\$5,572,952	\$4,287,091	\$6,541,430	\$2,320,471	\$4,780,518	\$2,391,535	\$221,723	\$2,849,568	\$7,108,648
Business-type Activities	(88,961)	(454,594)	(330,938)	1,684,899	1,387,667	2,224,514	1,852,885	69,166	965,998	1,609,464
Total Primary Government	\$4,913,165	\$5,118,358	\$3,956,153	\$8,226,329	\$3,708,138	\$7,005,032	\$4,244,420	\$290,889	\$3,815,566	\$8,718,112

Source: Prior years' financial statements and current year government-wide Statement of Activities

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>
General Fund										
Nonspendable	2,635,021	1,860,622	1,741,985	1,517,010	1,438,241	1,422,400	1,647,072	1,405,170	1,462,856	1,488,998
Restricted	677,397	688,499	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	3,180,459	5,706,900	6,951,060	4,357,647	6,379,800	8,294,430	7,646,710	11,101,332	11,579,806	17,003,809
Unassigned	22,241,467	23,555,830	24,879,683	29,124,514	31,349,589	31,147,310	33,995,584	31,834,906	33,188,200	31,808,395
Total General Fund	\$28,734,344	\$31,811,851	\$33,572,728	\$34,999,171	\$39,167,630	\$40,864,140	\$43,289,366	\$44,341,408	\$46,230,862	\$50,301,202
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	7,426	7,385	6,666	34,856	122,818	88,335	7,874	16,635	20,228	12,517
Restricted	10,582,783	11,418,320	10,245,052	9,908,827	9,485,868	11,368,087	10,129,419	9,768,069	9,429,021	8,664,836
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	274,345	51,051	-
Unassigned	-	-	(25)	-	-	(264)	(3,328)	(449)	(2,587)	(54,168)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$10,590,209	\$11,425,705	\$10,251,693	\$9,943,683	\$9,608,686	\$11,456,158	\$10,133,965	\$10,058,600	\$9,497,713	\$8,623,185
All Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	2,642,447	1,868,007	1,748,651	1,551,866	1,561,059	1,510,735	1,654,946	1,421,805	1,483,084	1,501,515
Restricted	11,260,180	12,106,819	10,245,052	9,908,827	9,485,868	11,368,087	10,129,419	9,768,069	9,429,021	8,664,836
Assigned	3,180,459	5,706,900	6,951,060	4,357,647	6,379,800	8,294,430	7,646,710	11,375,677	11,630,857	17,003,809
Unassigned	22,241,467	23,555,830	24,879,658	29,124,514	31,349,589	31,147,046	33,992,256	31,834,457	33,185,613	31,754,227
Total All Governmental Funds	\$39,324,553	\$43,237,556	\$43,824,421	\$44,942,854	\$48,776,316	\$52,320,298	\$53,423,331	\$54,400,008	\$55,728,575	\$58,924,387

Source: Prior years' financial statements and current year Balance Sheet

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenues										
Taxes	\$30,965,487	\$31,723,779	\$32,280,435	\$33,441,909	\$33,676,712	\$33,863,853	\$34,777,201	\$35,951,423	\$36,266,016	\$39,028,580
Intergovernmental	15,627,649	12,993,743	13,148,221	14,238,117	17,124,851	18,724,540	20,370,391	22,189,455	26,250,999	27.508.031
License and Permits	307,027	357,252	362,804	436,629	448,179	913,003	968,298	931,951	953,699	978,958
Fines. Forfeits and Penalties	509,590	653,695	509,813	488,298	444,222	488,169	506,515	531,737	462,935	560,532
Public Charges for Services	2,739,760	2,526,133	2,410,098	2,307,135	2,343,036	2,486,027	2,773,538	2,623,479	2,448,926	2,557,486
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	2,490,402	2,980,480	2,949,561	3,323,481	3,157,538	3,409,517	3,641,694	3,883,181	3,954,048	3,851,663
Regulation and Compliance	121,120	-	2,010,001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Income	148,127	145,605	143,361	190,447	270,914	468,926	978,068	1,264,574	604,529	167,158
Miscellaneous	569,546	643,916	788,337	973,150	922,539	1,053,689	1,498,943	1,156,273	1,423,238	1.771.504
Total Revenues	\$53,478,708	\$52,024,603	\$52,592,630	\$55,399,166	\$58,387,991	\$61,407,724	\$65,514,648	\$68,532,073	\$72,364,390	\$76,423,912
Expenditures										
Current	AF 704 070	0 5 505 447	00 400 000	00 000 057	07.004.040	07.404.774	00.070.400	00 004 074	00 000 007	#0.500.004
General Government	\$5,724,379	\$5,595,417	\$6,186,020	\$6,629,957	\$7,204,012	\$7,181,771	\$8,076,198	\$8,391,274	\$8,800,267	\$8,582,004
Public Safety	17,216,622	16,434,763	16,338,309	16,437,077	16,859,884	17,161,274	17,714,882	18,595,413	18,886,593	19,367,607
Health and Social Services	19,073,926	18,476,019	19,229,322	20,781,357	23,375,611	24,531,159	28,036,420	29,995,340	32,596,554	35,427,134
Public Works	146,225	219,657	157,956	170,223	136,196	129,927	132,520	153,338	96,558	107,903
Culture, Education and Recreation	1,700,479	1,699,927	1,782,919	2,106,619	1,944,167	3,131,914	3,048,808	2,442,320	1,711,531	1,712,898
Conservation and Economic Development	1,967,671	1,342,675	1,954,600	1,819,753	1,800,312	2,178,411	2,157,254	2,710,379	3,351,876	2,782,847
Capital Outlay	2,666,858	2,041,883	1,758,744	4,526,638	1,524,783	2,075,901	3,581,267	2,069,908	2,758,296	2,328,939
Debt Service	4 770 000	4 0 4 0 0 0 0	0.405.000	000 000	000.070	000 700	4 700 000	4 755 000	4 700 000	4 005 000
Principal Retirement	1,770,000	1,840,000	6,105,000	869,928	860,672	908,792	1,720,000	1,755,000	1,790,000	1,825,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	675,259	607,563	535,510	354,666	314,175	169,457	142,275	107,875	72,775	37,094
Debt Issuance Costs			- -	450,000,040	92,860	- 057 400 000	-	-	470.004.450	
Total Expenditures	\$50,941,419	\$48,257,904	\$54,048,380	\$53,696,218	\$54,112,672	\$57,468,606	\$64,609,624	\$66,220,847	\$70,064,450	\$72,171,426
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	\$2,537,289	\$3,766,699	(\$1,455,750)	\$1,702,948	\$4,275,319	\$3,939,118	\$905,024	\$2,311,226	\$2,299,940	\$4,252,486
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
General Obligation Debt Issued	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Refunding Debt Issued	-	-	2,579,392	-	7,125,000					-
Debt Premium	_	_	103.617	_	267,309	_	_	_	_	-
Debt Issuance Costs	-	_	(33,004)	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	-	_	(7,345,000)	_	_	_	_	-
Transfers In	3,914,975	3,966,821	6,996,258	4,283,649	3,843,303	2,677,428	4,838,113	3,824,043	2,561,239	2,545,948
Transfers Out	(3,688,253)	(3,820,517)	(7,603,648)	(4,868,163)	(4,332,469)	(3,072,565)	(4,640,104)	(5,158,592)	(3,532,607)	(3,602,622)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$226,722	\$146,304	\$2,042,615	(\$584,514)	(\$441,857)	(\$395,137)	\$198,009	(\$1,334,549)	(\$971,368)	(\$1,056,674)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$2,764,011	\$3,913,003	\$586,865	\$1,118,434	\$3,833,462	\$3,543,981	\$1,103,033	\$976,677	\$1,328,572	\$3,195,812
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	5.03%	5.28%	12.63%	2.47%	2.23%	1.93%	3.03%	2.89%	2.74%	2.64%

Source: Prior Years' financial statements and current year Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS¹ (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Interest Collected on Delinquent Taxes	Real Estate Fees	Other Statutory Interest & Penalties	Total Taxes
2012	\$22,425,202	\$7,323,695	\$1,042,036	\$160,964	\$13,590	\$30,965,487
2013	\$22,704,177	\$7,519,870	\$1,288,199	\$195,931	\$15,602	\$31,723,779
2014	\$23,198,438	\$8,000,256	\$864,217	\$199,135	\$18,389	\$32,280,435
2015	\$23,919,755	\$8,483,880	\$768,355	\$245,920	\$23,999	\$33,441,909
2016	\$24,047,466	\$8,764,687	\$598,024	\$234,296	\$32,239	\$33,676,712
2017	\$23,909,253	\$9,172,922	\$502,980	\$236,646	\$42,051	\$33,863,852
2018	\$24,611,170	\$9,383,467	\$466,562	\$254,383	\$61,619	\$34,777,201
2019	\$25,539,872	\$9,460,803	\$632,981	\$250,602	\$67,165	\$35,951,423
2020	\$26,477,610	\$8,890,889	\$518,496	\$297,037	\$81,984	\$36,266,016
2021	\$26,410,970	\$11,636,385	\$489,276	\$354,357	\$105,790	\$38,996,779

¹ Includes the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and Debt Service Funds

Source: Prior year's financial statements and current year Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

EQUALIZED VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY BY ASSESSMENT CLASS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Levy Year	Residential Equalized Value	Commercial Equalized Value	Manufacturing Equalized Value	Agricultural Equalized Value	Undeveloped Equalized Value	Forest Equalized Value	Other Equalized Value	Personal Property Equalized Value	Total Equalized Value	Total Equalized Value Excl. TID	Total Direct Tax Rate
2012	4,018,697,100	1,649,349,700	133,900,100	51,584,200	30,522,000	211,187,100	261,460,700	190,484,700	6,547,185,600	6,122,665,400	\$4.66
2013	3,939,338,800	1,625,500,500	129,954,400	51,045,000	32,149,900	204,798,100	268,452,800	191,419,200	6,442,658,700	6,022,078,200	\$4.79
2014	4,003,281,500	1,560,158,600	127,407,200	50,258,700	30,099,700	191,358,500	283,117,500	180,218,000	6,425,899,700	6,014,446,300	\$4.97
2015	4,056,727,300	1,840,144,900	130,009,500	51,254,000	36,866,600	190,624,900	333,286,800	190,558,200	6,829,472,200	6,343,846,500	\$4.76
2016	4,212,182,400	1,728,677,900	134,989,600	52,883,000	39,185,800	202,837,800	332,573,400	199,669,800	6,902,999,700	6,428,803,300	\$4.72
2017	4,408,775,700	1,794,318,700	134,308,800	52,130,000	35,799,200	202,747,300	311,244,000	181,155,300	7,120,479,000	6,620,495,500	\$4.68
2018	4,669,683,800	1,906,935,400	137,540,400	53,754,800	36,198,700	197,619,100	323,512,000	112,192,000	7,437,436,200	6,878,879,600	\$4.53
2019	4,889,082,900	1,946,563,200	142,213,200	54,925,100	38,029,900	206,814,300	326,899,800	111,421,800	7,715,950,200	7,141,653,900	\$4.44
2020	5,121,929,600	1,992,680,200	157,874,800	57,259,700	39,999,700	215,415,700	324,738,600	131,310,800	8,041,209,100	7,457,984,600	\$4.33
2021	5,593,038,300	2,092,261,200	164,732,900	60,028,300	38,099,000	222,653,600	337,895,600	130,386,600	8,639,095,500	8,017,348,500	\$3.85

Equalized value is prepared by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Property Tax. These values include Tax Incremental Districts (TID) which are not included in the taxable property value upon which county taxes are levied.

Total Direct Tax Rate is based on the County levied property taxes per \$1,000 assessed value.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue Report "Statement of Equalized Values" https://www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/SLF/EqualizedValue.aspx

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES ¹

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ²

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
DIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES	-									
Charitable & Penal	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Other Charges	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Veterans Service Aid	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Bridge Aid	\$0.02	\$0.02	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.00	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$0.01
County Library	\$0.15	\$0.15	\$0.17	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.15
All Other County	\$4.49	\$4.62	\$4.79	\$4.59	\$4.55	\$4.51	\$4.36	\$4.26	\$4.14	\$3.69
Total Direct County Tax Rate	\$4.66	\$4.79	\$4.97	\$4.76	\$4.72	\$4.68	\$4.53	\$4.44	\$4.33	\$3.85
INDIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES										
TOWNSHIPS										
Baraboo	\$17.05	\$17.77	\$18.14	\$17.68	\$17.27	\$17.30	\$17.34	\$17.16	\$17.57	\$16.92
Bear Creek	\$21.85	\$22.61	\$22.84	\$22.25	\$21.74	\$21.47	\$20.50	\$20.56	\$19.63	\$18.77
Dellona	\$15.59	\$16.07	\$17.08	\$16.41	\$15.43	\$16.12	\$15.54	\$15.67	\$14.98	\$14.35
Delton	\$15.65	\$16.25	\$16.59	\$16.84	\$16.32	\$16.34	\$16.31	\$16.47	\$16.13	\$15.51
Excelsior	\$18.06	\$18.70	\$19.28	\$18.36	\$17.45	\$17.04	\$17.05	\$16.09	\$15.57	\$14.64
Fairfield	\$16.69	\$17.37	\$17.67	\$17.26	\$16.93	\$16.92	\$16.98	\$16.91	\$16.77	\$16.00
Franklin	\$20.26	\$20.98	\$21.49	\$21.60	\$20.87	\$21.15	\$20.40	\$19.86	\$19.18	\$18.02
Freedom	\$21.26	\$21.93	\$22.45	\$21.65	\$21.03	\$20.59	\$20.79	\$19.93	\$19.50	\$18.51
Greenfield	\$17.01	\$17.68	\$17.98	\$17.58	\$17.34	\$17.37	\$17.43	\$17.20	\$17.01	\$16.25
Honey Creek	\$20.43	\$21.01	\$21.42	\$21.16	\$20.30	\$19.57	\$19.36	\$18.80	\$18.77	\$17.82
Ironton	\$21.45	\$22.51	\$22.84	\$21.90	\$21.57	\$20.74	\$20.61	\$18.89	\$16.90	\$17.07
La Valle	\$18.95	\$19.37	\$20.36	\$19.31	\$18.42	\$17.94	\$17.70	\$17.98	\$17.58	\$16.47
Merrimac	\$16.83	\$17.32	\$17.76	\$17.45	\$17.11	\$16.38	\$16.15	\$15.82	\$15.93	\$15.26
Prairie du Sac	\$17.36	\$17.85	\$18.22	\$17.91	\$17.51	\$16.66	\$16.41	\$16.06	\$16.15	\$15.24
Reedsburg	\$17.72	\$18.34	\$19.04	\$17.97	\$17.04	\$16.45	\$16.37	\$15.91	\$15.31	\$14.35
Spring Green	\$18.70	\$19.47	\$20.89	\$19.74	\$19.65	\$19.52	\$19.24	\$18.15 \$47.74	\$17.43	\$16.35
Sumpter	\$18.28 \$20.02	\$18.88 \$20.53	\$19.97 \$21.03	\$19.84 \$20.67	\$19.15 \$20.11	\$18.70 \$19.01	\$18.12 \$18.59	\$17.74 \$18.23	\$18.20 \$18.06	\$16.86 \$17.17
Troy Washington	\$20.02 \$22.45	\$20.55 \$24.26	\$21.03	\$20.07 \$23.15	\$20.11	\$22.45	\$22.63	\$10.23 \$21.23	\$15.56	\$17.17 \$19.23
Westfield	\$21.04	\$24.20	\$23.90	\$23.13	\$19.79	\$19.21	\$19.22	\$17.83	\$17.28	\$16.34
Winfield	\$17.95	\$18.53	\$19.25	\$18.11	\$17.23	\$16.62	\$16.64	\$17.03 \$15.16	\$17.20	\$13.65
Woodland	\$20.85	\$20.79	\$22.92	\$21.86	\$20.48	\$10.02	\$19.54	\$16.87	\$17.76	\$16.30
VILLAGES	Ψ20.00	Ψ20.73	ΨΖΣ.	Ψ21.00	Ψ20.40	Ψ13.77	Ψ13.54	ψ10.07	ψ17.70	Ψ10.00
Cazenovia	\$25.12	\$27.16	\$27.37	\$26.12	\$26.90	\$25.15	\$24.86	\$23.46	\$17.61	\$21.52
Ironton	\$22.25	\$22.86	\$23.54	\$22.94	\$21.98	\$21.21	\$21.37	\$19.69	\$18.85	\$17.33
Lake Delton	\$16.67	\$17.11	\$17.59	\$17.10	\$16.07	\$16.17	\$16.02	\$16.34	\$15.67	\$15.18
La Valle	\$23.36	\$23.95	\$24.63	\$23.44	\$23.15	\$22.78	\$22.60	\$22.24	\$21.36	\$20.06
Lime Ridge	\$20.43	\$22.20	\$21.95	\$20.94	\$21.92	\$20.36	\$20.28	\$19.07	\$13.38	\$17.25
Loganville	\$24.75	\$25.41	\$26.58	\$26.10	\$25.30	\$25.47	\$26.15	\$23.91	\$23.23	\$21.70
Merrimac	\$19.56	\$20.12	\$20.45	\$20.27	\$19.54	\$18.72	\$18.44	\$18.04	\$18.67	\$17.47
North Freedom	\$18.97	\$19.98	\$20.37	\$21.12	\$20.80	\$21.06	\$21.16	\$21.69	\$21.31	\$20.56
Plain	\$24.28	\$25.84	\$26.11	\$25.80	\$25.63	\$26.22	\$25.53	\$25.08	\$25.26	\$24.10
Prairie du Sac	\$22.38	\$22.92	\$23.45	\$23.21	\$23.46	\$22.24	\$21.93	\$20.83	\$20.81	\$20.37
Rock Springs	\$22.12	\$22.91	\$23.48	\$24.50	\$23.66	\$22.86	\$22.53	\$20.38	\$19.86	\$19.66
Sauk City	\$22.25	\$22.89	\$23.38	\$23.13	\$22.29	\$21.25	\$21.07	\$20.71	\$20.71	\$19.74
Spring Green	\$23.38	\$24.06	\$25.21	\$24.59	\$23.43	\$23.38	\$22.34	\$22.14	\$21.43	\$20.54
West Baraboo	\$23.45	\$24.41	\$24.92	\$24.90	\$24.64	\$24.87	\$25.14	\$24.59	\$22.89	\$21.69
CITIES										
Baraboo	\$23.79	\$25.21	\$25.81	\$25.51	\$25.21	\$25.40	\$25.68	\$25.37	\$24.71	\$23.66
Reedsburg	\$24.56	\$26.24	\$27.84	\$27.20	\$25.95	\$25.06	\$24.81	\$22.75	\$22.01	\$21.12
Wisconsin Dells	\$23.50	\$23.81	\$24.72	\$24.37	\$22.97	\$23.23	\$22.74	\$22.95	\$22.10	\$21.69

Source: Town, Village and City Taxes, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Division of State and Local Finance, Bureau of Local Government Services

¹ The taxes shown for overlapping governments are the Full Value Rates - Gross. This rate is the total property tax divided by the full value of all taxable general property in the municipality, including tax incremental financing districts. The total property tax includes state taxes and special charges, special purpose district taxes, and school taxes (elementary, secondary and technical college). It reflects the amount of surplus funds applied (if any) by a district to reduce any of the above apportionments or charges. It does not include special assessments and charges to individuals, delinquent taxes, omitted taxes, forest crop taxes, managed forest land taxes or occupational taxes.

² Year is the budget year, not the levy year

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND 9 YEARS AGO

			2021			2012	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Equalized Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Equalized Value	Equalized Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Equalized Value
Candy Queens LLC/Kalahari Dev LLC/Kalahari Development II LLC/Kalahari Management/Kalahari Mfg LLC/ /NLS LLC/Pinecrest Apartments/ SABA III/ SABA RE LLC/ Todd Nelson/Todd & Shari Nelson/TR Nelson Inc	Resort Hotel & Conv Center/Tourist & Recreational Facilities/Timeshare Condos/Other Lands	\$171,647,200	1	2.14%	\$116,005,500	1	1.89%
Air Wilderness LLC/Dell Canyon Inv/Dells Angels LLC/Dell View Housing/Glacier Canyon Lodge LLC/Helegus LLC/Richard Lucke/ River Ridge LLC/ Whitetail Ridge III LLC/Wild Golf Inc/ River Ridge LLC/Sarentos Restaurant/Sundara Spa LLC/White Tail Ridge III LLC/Wild Lake Inc/Wilderness Hotel & Resort/	Resort Hotel & Conv Center/Tourist & Recreational Facilities/Timeshare Condos/Other Lands	\$147,113,300	2	1.83%	\$85,957,900	2	1.40%
Achilles Entertainment/Boreas Ent. LLC/Colossus Entertainment LLC/Crete LLC/DNL of Wis/ Evangelia Laskaris Qualified Personal Residence Tr/Hercules Ent/Mt. Olympus/Mythos LLC/MNEG Concessions/Mt Olympus Resorts/ Mythos/ Nickolaos Laskaris Rev Tr/ Paradeisos/Pine Dell LLC/Rhodes LLC/Zeus Ent LLC	Resort Hotel/Tourist & Recreational Facilities/Amusement Park	\$107,436,900	3	1.34%	\$61,944,100	4	1.01%
Wyndham Vacation Resorts	Timeshare Condos	\$93,708,800	4	1.17%	\$71,556,000	3	1.17%
Ho Chunk Nation/Wisconsin Winnebago Tribe	Gaming, Hotel & Convention Center/Housing/Other Lands	\$69,905,200	5	0.87%	\$52,111,100	6	0.85%
Bluegreen Corp Great Lakes WI/Xmas Mtn Condo Assoc/Dells Vacations LLC/Dellona Enterprises/Bluegreen Vacations Unltd/Xmas Mtn Sanitary Dist/Xmas Mtn Vil Prop Assn/ (Christmas Mtn/Bluegreen Odessey)	Tourist/Recreational Facilities and Timeshare Condos	\$62,426,400	6	0.78%	\$52,265,900	5	0.85%
Andrew & Judith Waterman Trust/A&J Leasing LLC/Buffalo Phil's LLC/Cruiserino's (Moosejaw)/Delton Pilgrim/Lake Delton Development (La Quinta)/FECCO LLC (Knuckleheads)/Outlots LLC/Tall Pines Rental/Tall Pines Realty/Waterman Enterprises/Waterman Log Crafters LLC	Hotel/Tourist & Recreational Facilities/Other Lands	\$48,535,700	7	0.61%	\$0	14	0.00%
AJCDC Group LLC/4401 Great Wolf LLC/4431 Great Wolf LLC/Mojohn Group LLC/GWR Dells Prop Owner LLC/GWR Dells OP Lesee (Great Wolf Lodge)	Resort Hotel & Conv Center/Tourist & Recreational Facilities	\$46,082,000	8	0.57%	\$50,110,400	7	0.82%
Cardinal Glass Industries/Cardinal IG/ Cardinal CG/Cardinal Solar Tech	Glass Manufacturing	\$42,365,900	9	0.53%	\$17,227,400	11	0.28%
Festival Fun Parks (Noah's Ark)	Tourist & Recreational Facilities/Amusement Park	\$41,581,670	10	0.52%	\$26,432,900	9	0.43%
Tanger Wisconsin Dells LLC / Moosejaw / Knuckleheads	Outlet Mall, Restaurant, Amusement Park	\$38,156,200	11	0.48%	\$31,747,500	8	0.52%
Wal-Mart	Retail & Distribution Center	\$23,400,900	12	0.29%	\$20,658,600	10	0.34%
Lands' End	Retail & Distribution Center	\$18,510,900	13	0.23%	\$15,161,300	12	0.25%
Culvers Franchising System / CAB LLC / BAC LLC	Restaurant & Franchise Operation	\$17,301,800	14	0.22%	\$0	15	0.00%
Deppe Enterprises/D&J Deppe Liv Trust/ Custom Warehouse & Distr/TWJ Prop/ T&T Prop/T&D Prop of Baraboo LLC/Tim & David/David & Janice Trust	Warehousing/Commercial/Other Lands	\$16,727,200	15	0.21%	\$15,029,000	13	0.25%
Totals		\$944,900,070		11.79%	\$616,207,600		10.06%
	Total Equalized Assessed Valuation	\$8,017,348,500			\$6,122,665,400		

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	Taxes Levied	Collected W Fiscal Year o		Collections	Total Coll To Da	Outstanding	
Collection Year	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage Of Levy	In Subsequent Years (2)	Amount	Percentage Of Levy	Delinquent Taxes (1)
2012	\$121,315,933	\$119,279,999	98.32%	\$2,025,426	\$121,305,425	99.99%	\$10,508
2013	\$122,259,549	\$120,926,021	98.91%	\$1,317,905	\$122,243,926	99.99%	\$15,623
2014	\$124,273,971	\$123,168,693	99.11%	\$1,073,457	\$124,242,150	99.97%	\$31,821
2015	\$121,004,422	\$120,115,840	99.27%	\$852,107	\$120,967,947	99.97%	\$36,475
2016	\$123,046,787	\$122,078,754	99.21%	\$715,766	\$122,794,520	99.79%	\$252,267
2017	\$122,691,581	\$121,798,859	99.27%	\$396,413	\$122,195,272	99.60%	\$496,309
2018	\$124,864,925	\$123,908,755	99.23%	\$0	\$123,908,755	99.23%	\$956,170
2019	\$128,506,425	\$127,648,706	99.33%	\$0	\$127,648,706	99.33%	\$857,719
2020	\$132,112,600	\$131,166,553	99.28%	\$0	\$131,166,553	99.28%	\$946,047
2021	\$132,270,206	\$131,528,411	99.44%	\$0	\$131,528,411	99.44%	\$741,795

Source: Sauk County Tax Collection System and Annual Adopted Budget

⁽¹⁾ Does not include tax deed parcels

⁽²⁾ Amount includes collections through current fiscal year.

SALES TAX BY CATEGORY

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	\$2,494	\$3,057	\$2,868	\$3,742	\$3,860	\$4,663	\$4,753	\$6,652	\$5,840	\$6,874
Utilities	343,133	343,532	-	321,015	-	335,332	337,394	358,402	-	-
Construction	121,448	99,681	108,594	114,355	141,154	162,768	171,927	232,164	158,475	166,662
Manufacturing	114,964	104,709	94,392	117,329	135,141	172,027	181,714	198,162	219,924	211,613
Wholesale Trade	362,663	387,721	369,079	395,294	416,450	400,008	397,603	449,279	424,924	449,962
Retail Trade	2,848,580	2,876,539	3,024,212	3,140,283	3,290,497	3,430,796	3,620,302	3,679,573	3,774,075	3,863,347
Transportation and Warehousing	-	6,769	5,498	7,806	9,567	6,791	7,497	5,753	7,856	13,148
Information	364,028	386,847	398,960	430,199	422,187	403,707	421,776	417,970	474,601	515,134
Finance and Insurance	20,673	28,349	26,904	27,120	30,332	36,624	33,951	30,026	26,499	27,849
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	189,681	174,219	186,002	185,311	183,403	200,012	207,654	187,409	159,093	179,873
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	97,814	93,154	106,175	122,989	127,545	126,326	132,662	142,076	147,238	148,860
Management of Companies and Enterprises	42,344	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,044	69,009
Administrative and Support Services	26,356	28,826	29,135	29,774	39,339	43,172	44,197	49,029	78,110	85,036
Educational Services	100,186	96,324	94,336	95,230	93,299	117,638	-	113,710	-	-
Health Care and Social Assistance	6,918	5,576	6,339	8,691	6,346	7,114	8,183	7,312	15,908	16,857
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	186,821	179,296	191,524	172,051	177,603	198,083	199,425	226,971	321,835	306,128
Accommodation and Food Services	1,839,031	1,892,699	1,984,356	2,019,792	2,148,359	2,342,769	2,436,303	2,500,927	2,623,056	2,654,831
Other Services	215,675	206,231	223,345	220,169	229,497	239,985	256,957	276,637	331,916	352,219
Public Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,716	109,503
Not Reported	73,532	100,815	91,682	97,673	111,602	120,441	132,135	133,067	26,536	50,692
Other (Suppressed Info)	33,569	66,350	377,075	65,806	397,770	74,335	183,277	73,936	335,774	318,426
TOTAL	\$6,989,910	\$7,080,694	\$7,320,476	\$7,574,629	\$7,963,951	\$8,422,591	\$8,777,710	\$9,089,055	\$9,316,420	\$9,546,023
Sauk County Sales Tax Rate	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

Sales tax by category is based on payments made to Sauk County in January through December, which is sales tax revenue based for sales made in November through October.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue updated information not available since 2019.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING BONDED DEBT

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Governmental General Obligation Bonded Debt	Activities Other Notes	Business-type General Obligation Bonded Debt	Activities Other Notes	Total Primary Government	Amounts Restricted for Debt Service	Net Bonded	Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Net Assessed Valuation ²	Per Capita Govt'l Activities General Obligation Bonded Debt	Per Capita Bonded 1 Debt 2
<u>real</u>	Bonded Debt	Notes	Bonded Debt	Notes	Government	Dept Service	<u>Debt</u>	income	<u>valuation</u>	Bonded Debt	Debt
2012	\$15,315,000	\$0	\$13,325,241	\$0	\$28,640,241	\$0	\$28,640,241	1.15%	0.47%	\$247.04	\$461.98
2013	\$13,475,000	\$0	\$12,969,342	\$0	\$26,444,342	\$0	\$26,444,342	1.03%	0.44%	\$217.20	\$426.24
2014	\$10,044,374	\$0	\$12,147,423	\$0	\$22,191,797	\$0	\$22,191,797	0.86%	0.37%	\$161.77	\$357.40
2015	\$9,139,907	\$0	\$11,281,590	\$0	\$20,421,497	\$361,408	\$20,060,089	0.73%	0.32%	\$146.93	\$328.28
2016	\$8,270,448	\$0	\$10,391,501	\$0	\$18,661,949	\$855,767	\$17,806,182	0.66%	0.29%	\$132.99	\$300.09
2017	\$7,284,015	\$0	\$9,880,566	\$0	\$17,164,581	\$1,317,784	\$15,846,797	0.59%	0.26%	\$117.03	\$275.78
2018	\$5,512,278	\$0	\$9,017,160	\$0	\$14,529,438	\$1,016,382	\$13,513,056	0.47%	0.21%	\$87.74	\$231.28
2019	\$3,705,541	\$0	\$8,087,392	\$0	\$11,792,933	\$749,212	\$11,043,721	NA	0.17%	\$58.56	\$186.36
2020	\$1,863,803	\$0	\$7,191,016	\$0	\$9,054,819	\$367,141	\$8,687,678	NA	0.12%	\$29.42	\$142.95
2021	\$0	\$0	\$6,224,640	\$0	\$6,224,640	\$0	\$6,224,640	NA	0.08%	\$0.00	\$96.85

All debt is repaid from sales tax collections or property taxes.

Source: Prior years' financial statements and current year Note to Financial Statements - Long Term Obligations

¹ See Table 13 for personal income and population information.

² See Table 6 for Equalized Value excluding TID information

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

December 31, 2021

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	Percentage of Valuation Within Sauk County	Total Gross Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Gross Debt Applicable To Valuation Within Sauk County	Exclusions ² Applicable To Valuation Within Sauk County	Net Debt Applicable To Valuation Within Sauk County
DIRECT DEBT County					
Sauk ¹ Unamortized Premium (Discount)	100.0% 100.0%	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT	=	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT Cities					
Baraboo	100.0%	\$15,774,295	\$15,774,295	\$6,991,890	\$8,782,405
Reedsburg	100.0%	\$24,963,847	\$24,963,847	\$16,458,724	\$8,505,123
Wisconsin Dells	23.9%	\$29,711,034	\$7,089,579	\$27,821,034	\$450,987
Total for Cities	_	\$70,449,176	\$47,827,721	\$51,271,648	\$17,738,515
Villages					
Cazenovia	4.4%	\$668,911	\$29,566	\$643,911	\$1,105
Ironton	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Lake Delton	100.0%	\$38,317,850	\$38,317,850	\$38,317,850	\$0 \$0
La Valle	100.0%	\$334,184	\$334,184	\$334,184	\$0 \$0
Lime Ridge	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0
Loganville	100.0%	\$28,346	\$28,346	\$0 \$0	\$28,346
Merrimac	100.0%	\$402,768	\$402,768	\$0 \$0	\$402,768
North Freedom	100.0%	\$502,289	\$502,289	\$100.000	\$402,700
Plain	100.0%	\$2,561,077	\$2,561,077	\$100,000 \$572,128	\$1,988,949
Prairie du Sac	100.0%	\$17,962,516	\$17,962,516	\$2,809,409	\$1,966,949
Rock Springs	100.0%	\$1,279,625	\$1,279,625	\$526,036	\$753,589
Sauk City	100.0%	\$14,434,342	\$14,434,342	\$8,896,583	\$5,537,759
Spring Green West Baraboo	100.0% 100.0%	\$6,325,000 \$310,000	\$6,325,000 \$310,000	\$1,300,000 \$0	\$5,025,000 \$310,000
Total for Villages	100.070	\$83,126,908	\$82,487,563	\$53,500,101	\$29,602,912
Total for Villages	_	φ03,120, 3 00	ψ02,40 <i>1</i> ,303	\$33,300,101	Ψ29,002,912
Towns					
Baraboo	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Bear Creek	100.0%	\$692,804	\$692,804	\$692,804	\$0
Dellona	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Delton	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Excelsior	100.0%	\$86,328	\$86,328	\$0	\$86,328
Fairfield	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Franklin	100.0%	\$280,726	\$280,726	\$0	\$280,726
Freedom	100.0%	\$88,556	\$88,556	\$0	\$88,556
Greenfield	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Honey Creek	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ironton	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
La Valle	100.0%	\$2,255,050	\$2,255,050	\$0	\$2,255,050
Merrimac	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Prairie du Sac	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Reedsburg	100.0%	\$106,000	\$106,000	\$0	\$106,000
Spring Green	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Sumpter	100.0%	\$88,549	\$88,549	\$0	\$88,549
Troy	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Washington	100.0%	\$115,704	\$115,704	\$0	\$115,704
Westfield	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Winfield	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Woodland	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total for Towns	_	\$3,713,717	\$3,713,717	\$692,804	\$3,020,913

(Continued on next page)

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

December 31, 2021

Governmental Unit	Percentage of Valuation Within Sauk County	Total Gross Debt Outstanding	Gross Debt Applicable To Valuation Within Sauk County	Exclusions ² Applicable To Valuation Within Sauk County	Net Debt Applicable To Valuation Within Sauk County
<u> </u>	<u>Saan Ssaini,</u>	Succession	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>
GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT (Continued)					
School Districts					
Baraboo	99.9%	\$63,037,014	\$62,988,924	\$3,500,000	\$59,491,594
Hillsboro	0.7%	\$4,938,099	\$35,623	\$0	\$35,623
Ithaca	6.1%	\$3,590,000	\$218,633	\$0	\$218,633
Portage	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Reedsburg	99.6%	\$26,585,000	\$26,475,882	\$0	\$26,475,882
River Valley	58.9%	\$884,054	\$520,785	\$0	\$520,785
Sauk Prairie	73.9%	\$86,661,000	\$64,015,958	\$0	\$64,015,958
Weston	63.7%	\$2,241,862	\$1,428,440	\$0	\$1,428,440
Wisconsin Dells	67.4%	\$28,410,000	\$19,141,809	\$0	\$19,141,809
Wonewoc-Union Center	56.2%	\$4,975,000	\$2,795,797	\$0	\$2,795,797
Madison College (MATC)	8.1%	\$184,173,611	\$14,921,979	\$0	\$14,921,979
Southwest Wis Vocational Technical	1.3%	\$30,624,664	\$391,794	\$0	\$391,794
Western Wisconsin Technical College	0.0%	\$111,320,000	\$9,050	\$12,560,000	\$8,029
Total for School Districts	_	\$547,440,304	\$192,944,674	\$16,060,000	\$189,446,323
Sanitary and Special Districts	100.00/	40	Φ0	40	40
Lake Redstone Management District	100.0%	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0
Lake Virginia Management District Mirror Lake Management District	100.0% 100.0%	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
Baraboo Sanitary District	100.0%	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
Bluffview Sanitary District	100.0%	\$916,090	\$916,090	\$916,090	\$0 \$0
Christmas Mountain Sanitary District	100.0%	\$2,703,871	\$2,703,871	\$2,703,871	\$0 \$0
Hillpoint Sanitary District	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Honey Creek Sanitary District	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Prairie Sanitary District	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Town of Woodland Sanitary District #1	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Town of Woodland Sanitary District #2	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Winfield Sanitary District	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total for Sanitary Districts	_	\$3,619,961	\$3,619,961	\$3,619,961	\$0
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT		<u>\$708,350,067</u>	<u>\$330,593,636</u>	<u>\$125,144,514</u>	<u>\$239,808,663</u>
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT - ALL JURISDICTIONS		<u>\$708,350,067</u>	<u>\$330,593,636</u>	<u>\$125,144,514</u>	<u>\$239,808,663</u>

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Excluding general obligation bonds reported in the business-type funds.

Source: Individual governmental units

(Continued from previous page)

² Exclusion represents debt that is not being repaid through property taxes

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

CHAPTER 67, SECTION O3 OF THE WISCONSIN STATE STATUTES:

The aggregate amount of indebtedness, including existing indebtedness, of any municipality shall not exceed 5% of the value of the taxable property located in the municipality as equalized for state purposes.

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Equalized value of real and personal property including TID values (1)	\$6,547,185,600	\$6,442,658,700	\$6,425,899,700	\$6,829,472,200	\$6,902,999,700	\$7,120,479,000	\$7,437,436,200	\$7,715,950,200	\$8,041,209,100	\$8,639,095,500
Debt Limit - 5% of equalized value	\$327,359,280	\$322,132,935	\$321,294,985	\$341,473,610	\$345,149,985	\$356,023,950	\$371,871,810	\$385,797,510	\$402,060,455	\$431,954,775
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit (2)	\$28,390,000	\$26,220,000	\$21,830,000	\$20,145,000	\$18,225,000	\$16,615,000	\$14,075,000	\$11,310,000	\$8,700,000	\$5,985,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$298,969,280	\$295,912,935	\$299,464,985	\$321,328,610	\$326,924,985	\$339,408,950	\$357,796,810	\$374,487,510	\$393,360,455	\$425,969,775
Legal Debt Margin as a Percent of Debt Limit	91.3%	91.9%	93.2%	94.1%	94.7%	95.3%	96.2%	97.1%	97.8%	98.6%
	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2		Aa1		Aa1		Aa1	
Moody's Credit Rating	(Rating not sought)	(Rating not sought)	(Rating not sought)	Aa1 Rating upgrade	(Rating not sought)	Aa1 Confirmed	(Rating not sought)	Aa1 Confirmed	(Rating not sought)	Aa1 Confirmed

⁽¹⁾ The "Equalized value of real and personal property including TID values" is the sum of the Equalized values plus the values of the tax incremental districts.

Source: Comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

⁽²⁾ General obligation debt includes all funds.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

CURRENT AND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Income	Personal Income (2)	High School Graduates (4)	School Enrollment (5)	Unemployment Rate (6)
2012	61,994	\$40,166	\$2,490,081,000	88.4%	12,856	6.9%
2013	62,041	\$41,256	\$2,559,561,000	89.4%	12,983	6.3%
2014	62,092	\$41,589	\$2,582,357,000	89.4%	12,921	5.1%
2015	62,207	\$44,773	\$2,785,187,000	89.6%	13,074	4.1%
2016	62,187	\$45,285	\$2,816,134,000	90.0%	13,033	3.5%
2017	62,240	\$47,129	\$2,933,322,000	90.9%	12,816	2.5%
2018	62,822	\$49,463	\$3,107,378,000	91.0%	12,920	2.6%
2019	63,281	\$51,115	\$3,293,949,000	90.9%	12,965	2.9%
2020	63,343	\$55,166	\$3,555,423,000	91.2%	12,393	7.5%
2021	64,272	(3)	(3)	(3)	12,608	4.0%

- (1) Estimates prepared annually by the Wisconsin Department of Administration, https://doa.wi.gov/Pages/LocalGovtsGrants/Population_Estimates.aspx
- (2) U. S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis. Includes revised estimates provided by the Bureau for 2007 2012.
- (3) Information not available at this time.
- (4) United States Census Bureau
- (5) Fall registration, public and private schools Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction
- (6) Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development. Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Annual, Not Seasonally Adjusted https://jobcenterofwisconsin.com/wisconomy/query

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND 9 YEARS AGO

2021 2012

<u>Employer</u>	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of County Population	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of County Population
Wilderness Lodge	Hotel/Resort	1,503	1	2.38%	1,000	4	1.61%
Kalahari Development LLC	Hotel/Resort/Convention Center	1,200	2	1.90%	1,300	2	2.10%
Ho Chunk Nation/Wisconsin Winnebago Tribe	Gaming Hotel/Convention Center/Tribal Government	1,099	3	1.74%	1,300	2	2.10%
Mt. Olympus Enterprises & Resorts	Hotel/Resort	873	4	1.38%	-	10	0.00%
Lands' End Inc.	Clothing/Distribution/Telemarketing	735	5	1.16%	1,400	1	2.26%
Sauk County	Government	665	6	1.05%	664	8	1.07%
Baraboo School District	Education	600	7	0.95%	-	10	0.00%
Wal-Mart	Retail Store & Other Lands	600	7	0.95%	675	7	1.09%
Reedsburg Area Medical Center	Hospital and Health Care	595	9	0.94%	-	10	0.00%
Flambeau (Flambeau Plastic Company, Seats, Columbia Par Car, Nordic Private Care)	Plastics	575	10	0.91%	900	5	1.45%
American Axle & Mfg Inc (Grede Foundries, Inc.)	Ductile Iron Casings	520	11	0.82%	550	9	0.89%
Noah's Ark Family Park	Waterpark	480	12	0.76%	-	10	0.00%
Cardinal Company (IG, RT, CG, R&D, AG)	Insulated Glass Manufacturing	456	13	0.72%	693	6	1.12%
SSM Healthcare / St Clare Hospital	Hospital and Health Care	400	14	0.63%	-	10	0.00%
Sysco Food Services of Baraboo	Wholesale Food Distribution	150	15	0.24%	-	10	0.00%
Totals		10,451		16.52%	8,482		13.69%

Source: Direct employer contacts, Job Center of Wisconsin, and County records. https://www.jobcenterofwisconsin.com/wisconomy/query

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT POSITIONS BY FUNCTION

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Accounting	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.50	4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Administrator (eff 2021; FKA Administrative Coordinator)	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.50	1.50	1.50	2.80	3.00	3.00	3.00
Building Services	9.77	9.77	9.77	10.77	10.33	9.50	9.50	10.00	9.50	12.50
Corporation Counsel	6.00	6.29	6.29	6.29	6.29	6.29	6.50	6.50	7.00	5.50
County Clerk / Elections	3.08	3.08	3.08	3.08	3.08	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Justice, Diversion & Support (eff 2021; FKA Criminal Justice Coo	-	-	-	-	1.00	3.25	3.70	5.00	6.75	5.75
Land Records Modernization (from CDRCE)	1.24	1.20	1.20	1.49	4.49	4.00	3.99	3.99	3.50	3.49
Management Information Systems (MIS)	10.50	11.30	11.30	12.30	10.63	10.37	10.37	9.37	9.37	9.37
Personnel	3.80	4.09	4.09	4.30	4.31	5.16	5.00	5.00	5.30	5.30
Register of Deeds	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Surveyor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Treasurer	7.07	7.07	7.07	6.32	5.00	5.50	5.50	5.50	6.00	6.00
General Government	50.96	52.30	52.30	55.05	55.13	58.07	60.36	61.36	63.42	63.91
Circuit Courts	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40
Clerk of Court	14.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Coroner	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Court Commissioner/Family Court Counseling	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
District Attorney / Victim Witness	7.23	7.60	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80
Emergency Management	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.34	1.75	1.75	2.25	1.75	1.75
Register in Probate	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Sheriff's Department	148.25	145.88	147.17	147.12	149.12	149.64	150.12	150.62	150.11	149.11
Justice & Public Safety	179.88	177.88	178.37	178.32	178.66	179.59	180.07	181.07	180.06	179.06
Highway	59.00	59.00	59.00	59.50	59.50	62.50	62.00	62.00	63.50	64.00
Public Works	59.00	59.00	59.00	59.50	59.50	62.50	62.00	62.00	63.50	64.00

Continued on next page

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT POSITIONS BY FUNCTION

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Aging and Disability Resource Center	16.87	21.64	21.64	15.79	18.91	21.27	21.06	23.55	23.48	23.81
Child Support	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Environmental Health	3.60	3.75	3.75	4.40	4.57	6.83	7.48	7.13	7.63	7.48
Health Care Center	134.53	134.57	134.10	142.99	141.37	133.21	132.97	130.34	129.64	124.97
Home Care	7.60	7.45	5.90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Human Services	94.49	96.67	97.97	99.95	98.99	100.29	104.29	110.29	114.29	114.29
Public Health	9.80	10.55	12.08	12.78	13.61	17.38	17.97	21.03	21.80	22.69
Veterans' Services	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.06	4.00	4.00	4.50	4.69	5.00	5.00
Women, Infants and Children	3.98	4.66	4.66	7.16	5.23	5.02	4.12	4.12	3.70	3.82
Health & Human Services	284.87	293.29	294.10	298.13	297.68	299.00	303.39	312.15	316.54	313.06
Conservation, Planning & Zoning (to LRE)	13.15	13.15	13.56	14.19	14.19	14.19	14.19	14.19	_	_
Land Resources & Environment	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	21.28	19.15
Parks (to LRE)	3.78	3.78	3.78	3.78	4.78	4.78	4.78	5.07	-	-
UW-Extension	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.71	2.71	2.71	2.71	2.71	2.71	2.30
Conservation, Development, Recreation										
Culture & Education	19.57	19.57	19.98	20.68	21.68	21.68	21.68	21.97	23.99	21.45
Grand Total	594.28	602.04	603.75	611.68	612.65	620.84	627.50	638.55	647.51	641.48

Source: Prior years and current year Adopted Budget

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / DEPARTMENT

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

General Government	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Accounting Total County Payroll	\$ 26,717,458	\$ 27,176,408	\$ 27,748,128	\$ 30,102,422	\$ 30,705,664	\$ 31,562,656	\$ 32,876,856	\$ 34,558,479	\$ 36,447,667	\$ 36,532,762
Corporation Counsel Guardianship / Protective Placement Hearings (Includes WATTS reviews starting in 2015) Mental Commitment (Ch. 51) Hearings Terminations of Parental Rights (TPR) and Children in Need of Protection and Services (CHIPS) Filings and Hearings	59 134 219	63 99 186	77 109 210	178 119 226	165 135 162	123 175 182	114 159 218	127 166 149	125 136 172	124 167 192
County Clerk Marriage Licenses and Domestic Partnership Agreements (new 2009) Issued Passport Applications Processed (new 2016)	487 -	420	452 -	431 -	455 325	430 932	424 845	432 974	384 455	415 703
Management Information Services Help Call Volume	6,628	7,667	6,862	8,646	7,692	7,687	9,792	10,318	12,645	10,049
Personnel Recruitments Conducted Applications for Vacant Positions	63 2,120	38 1,731	43 1,473	64 2,149	49 2,105	86 2,180	123 2,839	92 1,531	86 1,383	182 1,481
Register of Deeds Real Estate Documents Recorded Vital Document Recorded	21,557 2,218	19,414 2,051	16,208 2,081	19,147 2,111	21,003 2,277	16,989 2,226	15,528 2,300	16,408 2,135	19,711 2,087	18,286 2,023
Treasurer Real Estate and Personal Property Parcels	53,514	53,471	53,617	53,805	53,756	53,922	53,666	53,392	50,500	53,770
Justice & Public Safety										
Courts Cases Filed Cases Disposed	22,009 22,351	18,471 19,329	16,831 17,307	15,210 15,844	16,045 15,827	18,979 18,931	17,205 17,209	19,156 19,545	15,280 13,005	15,142 13,163
Coroner General Death Investigation Autopsy Investigations	661 29	668 24	735 22	799 31	903 21	938 26	895 33	941 32	1,090 28	1,107 22
Sheriff Calls for Service Average Daily Population Jail Bookings	72,624 192 3,521	74,173 181 3,427	74,827 176 3,222	76,347 175 2,938	81,054 163 2,859	78,761 147 3,039	80,940 167 3,092	81,544 175 2,922	73,117 134 2,194	74,430 143 2,879
Public Works										
Highway Centerline Miles of Roadway Rehabilitated	26	37	27	22	25	10	6	27	23	33
Health & Human Services										
Aging & Disability Resource Center Mealsite Meals Served Home Delivered Meals Served	20,950 25,889	20,092 27,685	17,347 31,095	18,386 33,040	19,961 38,759	15,922 38,683	19,668 42,953	11,593 54,226	3,221 60,795	119 63,019
Child Support Caseload	3,441	3,449	3,490	3,531	3,565	3,468	3,489	3,444	3,349	3,289
Health Care Center Licensed Beds	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82
Home Care Home Visits Foot Clinic Visits	6,427 1,694	4,854 1,687	3,948 1,680	6,662 1,866	2,294 1,553					Service Ended Service Ended
Human Services Economic Support Caseload	5,882	6,236	6,594	6,567	6,591	6,566	6,575	6,485	7,137	8,225
Public Health "Community Care" Acute Care Aid Recipients Communicable Disease Follow-Up	579 359	520 357	250 348	136 395	149 452	99 461	48 500	57 463	48 430	47 421
Women, Infants & Children WIC Caseload	1,404	1,330	1,236	1,194	1,197	1,178	1,200	1,133	1,140	1,092
Conservation, Development, Recreation, Culture &	Education									
Conservation, Planning & Zoning Land Use Permits Issued Septic Permits Issued Certified Survey Maps Approved	319 139 56	286 156 66	321 141 64	404 185 74	416 175 81	402 158 82	392 203 111	358 174 72	439 190 100	413 200 102

Source: County Department budget and annual reports

^{*}Some of the 2018 numbers have been adjusted due to information that was submitted after the Financial Statements were completed.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2021
General Government										
Miles of County-Owned Fiber Optic Cable	184.41	184.41	184.41	184.41	184.41	184.41	184.41	184.41	184.41	184.41
Communications Towers Owned	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Square Feet of Buildings Maintained by General Maintenance Staff	425,030	425,030	425,030	425,030	425,030	425,030	425,030	425,030	425,030	425,030
Justice & Public Safety										
Sheriff's Department Vehicles	60	60	64	66	67	69	64	64	67	67
Jail Bed Design Capacity	271	271	271	271	271	271	271	271	271	271
Detention Center (Huber) Bed Capacity	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192
Number of Court Branches	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Public Works										
Federal & State Highway System Lane Miles	618	618	618	618	618	618	625	625	625	625
County Highway System Lane Miles	614	614	614	614	616	616	616	616	616	617
Local Roads and Streets Lane Miles	2,586	2,586	2,585	2,585	2,585	2,585	2,585	2,585	2,585	2,585
Highway Buildings	33	33	33	33	34	37	38	38	38	35
Highway Acres of Land	74.28	74.28	73.87	73.87	75.93	75.93	75.93	75.93	75.93	75.93
Health & Human Services										
Number of County Nursing Homes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Conservation, Development, Recreation, Culture & Education										
Acres of Conservation Easements Owned	3,510	3,510	3,542	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595	3,595
Landfill Sites Open / Closed	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2

Source: County Department annual reports, asset and insurance records

¹ The County Highway System Lane Miles for 2016 have been restated based on new information and statistical data reported.